

OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY

GENERIC GUIDELINES FOR SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

IN

CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS, REPAIRS,
RENOVATIONS & MAINTENANCE

MANAGED BY

THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

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1. PREAMBLE

In terms of Construction Regulation 4(1)(a) of the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act 85 of 1993), and 5(1) construction regulation of 2014, the Department of Public Works, as the Client and/or its Agent on its behalf, shall be responsible to prepare Health & Safety Specifications for any intended construction project and provide any Principal Contractor who is making a bid or appointed to perform construction work for the Client and/or its Agent on its behalf with the same.

The Client's further duties are as described in The Act and the Regulations made thereunder. The Principal Contractor shall be responsible for the Health & Safety Policy for the site in terms of Section 7 of the Act and in line with Construction Regulation 5 as well as the Health and Safety Plan for the project.

This 'Health and Safety Specifications' document is governed by the "Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act No. 85 of 1993), hereinafter referred to as 'The Act'. Notwithstanding this, cognizance should be taken of the fact that no single Act or its set of Regulations can be read in isolation. Furthermore, although the definition of Health and Safety Specifications stipulates 'a documented specification of all health and safety requirements pertaining to associated works on a construction site, so as to ensure the health and safety of persons', it is required that the entire scope of the Labour legislation, including the Basic Conditions of Employment Act be considered as part of the legal compliance system. With reference to this specification document this requirement is limited to all health, safety and environmental issues pertaining to the site of the project as referred to here-in. Despite the foregoing it is reiterated that environmental management shall receive due attention.

Due to the wide scope and definition of construction work, every construction activity and site will be different, and circumstances and conditions may change even on a daily basis. Therefore, due caution is to be taken by the Principal Contractor when drafting the Health and Safety Plan based on these Health and Safety Specifications. Prior to drafting the Health and Safety Plan, and in consideration of the information contained here-in, the contractor shall set up a Risk Assessment Program to identify and determine the scope

and details of any risk associated with any hazard at the construction site, in order to identify the steps needed to be taken to remove, reduce or control such hazard. This Risk Assessment and the steps identified will be the basis or point of departure for the Health and Safety Plan. The Health and Safety Plan shall include documented 'Methods of Statement' (see definitions under Construction Regulations) detailing the key activities to be performed in order to reduce as far as practicable, the hazards identified in the Risk Assessment.

The Department of Public Works is tasked to provide accommodation and operational facilities to a very large proportion of the approximate 35 National Departments responsible for the governance of the Department of Public Works. A very large number of State employees and public users of the facilities and the services provided there-in directly interacts with the facilities provided by the well-being, health and safety of a great number of people. This Department thus has directly or indirectly, an impact on the Republic of South Africa as well as the National Parliament.

In this a high premium is to be placed on the health and safety of the most valuable assets of the Department of Public Works. These are its personnel, the personnel of its Clients and the physical assets of which it is the custodian and may also include the public as well. The responsibilities the Department and relevant stakeholders have toward its employees and other people present in the facilities or on the sites are captured further in this specification document. These responsibilities stem from both moral, civil and a variety of legal obligations. The Principal Contractor is to take due cognisance of the above statement.

Every effort has been made to ensure that this specification document is accurate and adequate in all respects. Should it however, contain any errors or omissions they may not be considered as grounds for claims under the contract for additional reimbursement or extension of time, or relieve the Principal Contractor from his responsibilities and accountability in respect of the project to which this specification document pertains. Any such inaccuracies, inconsistencies and/or inadequacies must immediately be brought to the attention of the Agent and/or Client.

3. SCOPE OF HEALTH AND SAFETY SPECIFICATION DOCUMENT

These Specifications should be read in conjunction with the Act, the Construction Regulations and all other Regulations and Safety Standards which were or will be promulgated under the Act or incorporated into the Act and be in force or come into force during the effective duration of the project. The stipulations in this specification, as well as those contained in all other documentation pertaining to the project, including contract documentation and technical specifications shall not be interpreted, in any way whatsoever, to countermand or nullify any stipulation of the Act, Regulations and Safety Standards which are promulgated under, or incorporated into the Act.

3. PURPOSE

The Department is obligated to implement measures to ensure the health and safety of all people and properties affected under its custodianship or contractual commitments, and is further obligated to monitor that these measures are structured and applied according to the requirements of these Health and Safety Specifications.

The purpose of this specification document is to provide the relevant Principal Contractor (and his /her contractor) with any information other than the standard conditions pertaining to construction sites which might affect the health and safety of persons at work and the health and safety of persons in connection with the use of plant and machinery; and to protect persons other than persons at work against hazards to health and safety arising out of or in connection with the activities of persons at work during the carrying out of construction work for the Department of Public Works. The Principal Contractor (and his /her contractor) is to be briefed on the significant health and safety aspects of the project and to be provided with information and requirements on inter alia:

- a) Safety considerations affecting the site of the project and its environment;
- b) Health and safety aspects of the associated structures and equipment;
- submissions on health and safety matters required from the Principal Contractor(and his /her contractor); and
- d) the Principal Contractor's (and his /her contractor) health & safety plan.

To serve to ensure that the Principal Contractor (and his /her contractor) is fully aware of what is expected from him/her with regard to the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act No. 85 of 1993) and the Regulations made there-under including the applicable safety standards, and in particular in terms of Section 6,7 and 8 of the construction regulation (2014).

To inform the Principal Contractor that the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act 85 of 1993) in its entirety shall apply to the contract to which this specification document applies. The Construction Regulations promulgated on 07 February 2014.

4. DEFINITIONS - The most important definitions in the Act and Regulations pertaining to this specification document are hereby extracted.

"Purpose of the Act" – To provide for the health and safety of persons at work and the health and safety of persons in connection with the use of plant and machinery; the protection of persons other than persons at work against hazards to health and safety arising out of or in connection with the activities of persons at work; to establish an advisory council for occupational health and safety; and to provide for matters connected therewith.

"Health & Safety Specification" – means a document that includes information required under the construction regulation and obtained from the clients & designers during the early planning & design stage for a specific project on a specific site for use by the contractors when preparing their tenders or bids to clients.

"Health & Safety Plan" – means a document which is site specific and includes all identified hazards, safe work procedures to mitigate, reduce & control the hazards identified in a project.;

"Agent" - means any person who acts as a representative for a client;

"Client" - means any person for whom construction work is performed;

Construction Health & Safety Agent (SACPCMP)" – The person or entity appointed by the client through the Agent and who has a full authority and obligation to act on the clients behalf in terms of the construction regulations;

"Construction Work" is defined as any work in connection with -

- (a) the erection, maintenance, alteration, renovation, repair, demolition or dismantling of or addition to a building or any similar structure;
- (b) the installation, erection, dismantling or maintenance of a fixed plant where such work includes the risk of a person falling;
- (c) the construction, maintenance, demolition or dismantling of any bridge, dam, canal, road, railway, runway, sewer or water reticulation system or any similar civil engineering structure; or
- (d) the moving of earth, clearing of land, the making of an excavation, piling, or any similar type of work;

"Contractor" - means an employer, as defined in Section 1 of the Act, who performs construction work and includes Principal Contractors;

"Contract Amount" Financial value of the contract at the time of the award of the contract, exclusive of all allowance and any value added tax or sales tax which the law requires the employer to pay to the contractor.

"Practical Completion Certificates" A certificates issued in terms of a contract by the employer, signifying that the whole of the construction works have reached a state of readiness for occupation or use for the purposes intended, although some minor work may be outstanding.

"Accident" – means unplanned occurrence that happens due to the unsafe condition and may cause injury to a person, damage to the property, material, plant, equipment and the environment;

"Hazard" – means anything including work activities and practices with the potential to cause harm;

"Risk" - means the likelihood that harm will occur and the subsequent consequences.

"Risk assessment" – means a process to determine any risk associated with any hazard at a construction site in order to identify the steps needed to be taken to mitigate, reduce or control such hazards.

Health and Safety File" – means a file, or other record in permanent form, containing the information required a contemplated in the regulations;

5. OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH & SAFETY MANAGEMENT

5.1 Structure and Organization of OH&S Responsibilities

5.1.1. Overall Supervision and Responsibility for OH&S

- a) The Client and/or its Agent on its behalf to ensure that the Principal Contractor, appointed in terms of Construction Regulation 4(1)(c), implements and maintains the agreed and approved H&S Plan. Failure on the part of the Client or Agent to comply with this requirement will not relieve the Principal Contractor from any one or more of his/her duties under the Act and Regulations.
- b) The Chief Executive Officer of the Principal Contractor in terms of Section 16 (1) of the Act to ensure that the Employer (as defined in the Act) complies with the Act. The proforma Legal Compliance Audit may be used for this purpose by the Principal Contractor or his/her appointed contractor.
- c) All OH&S Act (85 /1993), Section 16 (2) appointee/s as detailed in his/her/their respective appointment forms to regularly, in writing, report to their principals on matters of health and safety per routine and ad hoc inspections and on any deviations as soon as observed, regardless of whether the observation was made during any routine or ad hoc inspection and to ensure that the reports are made

available to the principal Contractor to become part of site records (Health & Safety File).

- d) The Construction Supervisor and Assistant Construction Supervisor/s appointed in terms of Construction Regulation 6 to regularly, in writing, report to their principals on matters of health and safety per routine and ad hoc inspections and on any deviations as soon as observed, regardless of whether the observation was made during any routine or ad hoc inspection and to ensure that the reports are made available to the principal Contractor to become part of site records (Health & Safety File).
- e) All Health and Safety Representatives (SHE-Reps) shall act and report as per Section 18 of the Act.

Item	Regulation	Appointment	Responsib
			e Person
1.	3.	Application Construction work permit	Client
2.	5(1)(k)	Principal contractor for each phase or project	Client
3.	5(6)	Construction Health & Safety Agent	Client
4.	7.(1)(c)	Contractor	Principal Contractor
5.	7(3)	Contractor	Contractor
6.	8(1)	Construction manager	Contractor
7.	8(2)	Assistance Construction manager	Contractor
8.	6(1)	Construction supervisor	Contractor
9.	6(2)	Construction supervisor sub-ordinates	Contractor
10.	8(5)	Construction Safety Officer	Contractor
11.	8(8)	Responsible employee	
12.	9(1)	Person to carry out risk assessment	Contractor
13.	10(1)	Fall protection planner	Contractor
14.	12(1)	Temporal work designer	
15.	12(2)	Supervisor of temporal work operation	
16.	13(1)	Excavation supervisor	Contractor
17.	13(2)(k)	Competent person in the use of explosive for excavations	Contractor
18.	14(11)	Explosives expert	Contractor
19.	14(1)	Supervisor demolition work	Contractor
20.	14(2)	Scaffold supervisor	Contractor
21.	16(1)	Suspended platform supervisor	Contractor
22.	18(1)a	Rope access	Contractor
23.	19(8)(a)	Material hoist inspector	Contractor
24.	20(1)	Bulk mixing plant supervisor	Contractor
25.	21(2)	Explosive actuated fastening device inspector	Contractor
26.	21(2)(g)	Explosive actuated fastening device cartridge, nails and studs: issuer & collector	Contractor
27.	23 (1)	Operator : construction vehicle and mobile plant	Contractor
28.	28 (a)	Stacking and storage supervisor	Contractor
20. 29.	29 (h)	Fire equipment inspector	Contractor

5.2 Communication, Participation & Consultation

- 5.2.1 Occupational Health & Safety matters/issues shall be communicated between the Employer, the Principal Contractor, the other Contractors, the Designer and other concerned parties shall be through the H&S Committee or other means determined by the client.
- 5.2.2 In addition to the above, communication may be directly to the Client or his appointed Agent, verbally or in writing, as and when the need arises.
- 5.2.3 Consultation with the workforce on OH&S matters will be through their Supervisors and H&S Representatives ('SHE Reps')
- 5.2.4 The Principal Contractor will be responsible for the dissemination of all relevant OH&S information to the other Contractors e.g. design changes agreed with the Client and/or its Agent on its behalf and the Designer, instructions by the Client and/or his/her agent, exchange of information between Contractors, the reporting of hazardous/dangerous conditions/situations etc.

6. INTERPRETATION

- a) The Occupational Health and Safety Act and all its Regulations, with the exception of the Construction Regulations, distinguish between the roles, responsibilities and functions of employers and employees respectively. It views consultants and contractors as employees of the "owner" of a construction or operational project, the "owner" being regarded as the employer.
- b) (The position taken by the Construction Regulations is that the "owner", in terms of its instructions, operates (has to operate) in the role of client as per relevant definition. The contractors working for the "client" are seen to be in two categories, i.e. the Principal Contractor and Contractors.

c) The Principal Contractor has to take full responsibility for the health and safety on the site of the relevant project / contract. This includes monitoring health and safety conditions and overseeing administrative measures required by the Construction Regulations from all contractors on the project site.

7. RESPONSIBILITIES

7.1 Client

- a) The Client or his appointed Agent on his behalf will appoint each Principal Contractor for this project or phase/section of the project in writing for assuming the role of Principal Contractor as intended by the Construction Regulations.
- b) The Client or his appointed Agent on his behalf shall discuss and negotiate with the Principal Contractor the contents of the health and safety plan of the both Principal Contractor and Contractor for approval.
- c) The Client or his appointed Agent on his behalf will take reasonable steps to ensure that the health and safety plan of both the Principal Contractor and Contractor is implemented and maintained. The steps taken will include periodic audits at intervals of at least once every month.
- d) The Client or his appointed Agent on his behalf, will prevent the Principal Contractor and/or the Contractor from commencing or continuing with construction work should the Principal Contractor and/or the Contractor at any stage in the execution of the works be found to:
 - have failed to have complied with any of the administrative measures required by the Construction Regulations in preparation for the construction project or any physical preparations necessary in terms of the Act;
 - have failed to implement or maintain their health and safety plan;
 - have executed construction work which is not in accordance with their health and safety plan; or

act in any way which may pose a threat to the health and safety of any person(s)
present on the site of the works or in its vicinity, irrespective of him/them being
employed or legitimately on the site of the works or in its vicinity.

7.2 Principal Contractor

1

- a) The Principal Contractor shall accept the appointment under the terms and Conditions of Contract. The Principal Contractor shall sign and agree to those terms and conditions and shall, before commencing work, notify the Department of Labour of the intended construction. Annexure 2 of this construction regulation contains a "Notification of Construction Work" form. The Principal Contractor shall submit the notification in writing prior to commencement of work and inform the Client or his Agent accordingly.
- b) The Principal Contractor shall ensure that he is fully conversant with the requirements of this Specification and all relevant health and safety legislation.
- c) The Principal Contractor will in no manner or means be absolved from the responsibility to comply with all applicable sections of the Act, the Construction Regulations or any Regulations proclaimed under the Act or which may perceivable be applicable to this contract.
- d) The Principal Contractor shall provide and demonstrate to the Client a suitable and sufficiently documented health and safety plan based on this Specification, the Act and the Construction Regulations, which shall be applied from the date of commencement of and for the duration of execution of the works. This plan shall, as appendices, include the health and safety plans of all Sub-contractors for which he has to take responsibility in terms of this contract.
- e) The Principal Contractor shall provide proof of his registration and good standing with the Compensation Fund or with a licensed compensation insurer prior to commencement with the works.
- f) The Potential Principal Contractor shall, in submitting his tender, demonstrate that he has made provision for the cost of compliance with the specified health and safety

- requirements, the Act and Construction Regulations. (Note: This shall have to be contained in the conditions of tender upon which a tenderer's offer is based.)
- g) The Principal Contractor shall consistently demonstrate his competence and the adequacy of his resources to perform the duties imposed on the Principal Contractor in terms of this Specification, the Act and the Construction Regulations.
- h) The Principal Contractor shall ensure that a copy of his health and safety plan is available on site and is presented upon request to the Client, an Inspector, Employee or Sub-contractor.
- i) The Principal Contractor shall ensure that a health and safety file, which shall include all documentation required in terms of the provisions of this Specification, the Act and the Construction Regulations, is opened and kept on site and made available to the Client or Inspector upon request. Upon completion of the works, the Principal Contractor shall hand over a consolidated health and safety file to the Client.
- j) The Principal Contractor shall, throughout execution of the contract, ensure that all conditions imposed on his Sub-contractors in terms of the Act and the Construction Regulations are complied with as if they were the Principal Contractor.
- k) The Principal Contractor shall from time to time evaluate the relevance of the Health and Safety Plan and revise the same as required, following which revised plan shall be submitted to the Client and/or his/her Agent for approval.

7.3 Contractor

The contractor must demonstrate to the Principal Contractor that he has the Necessary competencies and resources to perform the construction work safely.

The construction Health & Safety Agent act as a link between the client, Principal Contractor and the project team members with respect to health & Safety, They are Required to ensure that the client carry out its H&S responsibilities in terms of Legislation as well as to co-ordinate and ensure good H&S practices are maintained Throughout the duration of the project. In many cases this role starts from project Initiation to project close-out.

- a) H&S competence: In the event that the client is unable to satisfy the requirements of the Construction Regulations for whatever reasons, the construction H&S agent may be appointed to perform these functions on behalf of the client. Given the need to appoint a registered construction H&S agent that is competent and adequately resourced with respect to H&S matters.
- b) H&S goals: It is important that the construction H&S agents demonstrate clearly to clients how they are going to contribute to the achievement of any client H&S goals and objectives. They should also set their own H&S goals.
- c) H&S responsibilities: Prior to accepting the H&S agent appointment from clients, H&S agents need to ensure that they brief clients fully on the client's particular responsibilities in terms of the OH&SA of 1993 and Construction Regulations as amended from time to time. In the absence of acceptance by clients of these responsibilities, H&S agents will not be able to adequately meet their own H&S responsibilities and duties.
- d) H&S information: H&S agents must provide the designer or design team with all H&S information to enable them to conduct a design HIRA to identify the significant hazards that need to be included in the H&S specification. This information may be gathered from multiple sources such as, for example, discussion with the client, previous historical use of the site or facility, previous surveys and investigations and past H&S files.

8. SCOPE OF WORK

These specifications are applicable to the specific scope of work pertaining to the above-mentioned project as detailed in the tender documents, this amongst all includes for example:

- a) Construction, erecting, alteration, renovations, refurbishment, repairs, demolishing or dismantling of building and structures.
 - Site clearance
 - Site hoarding, demarcation and demolition works
 - excavations, filling, compaction, evening surface
 - Piling (by drilling, excavating,)
 - Temporal works
- b) Construction, erecting, alteration, renovations, refurbishment, repairs, demolishing or dismantling of any bridge, dam, canal, road, railway, runaway, sewer, or water reticulation system or any civil engineering structure or type of work
- c) Construction of a new two storied Administration building.
 - Preparation of site by leveling, compaction etc.
 - Excavations for parking areas/services

9. PREPARING A HEALTH & SAFETY PLAN

- (a) The level of detail required for a H&S plan will depend on how complex the workplace is (in particular, the number of contractors at the workplace at any one time) and the risks involved in the work. The plan must be easily accessible in a construction site and it must be clearly understood by management, supervisors & workers on construction site.
- (b) The plan must be implemented, maintained and kept up to date during the construction of the project.
- (c) The principal contractor should prepare a H&S plan that includes
 - project information;
 - client requirements for H&S management on the project;
 Environmental restrictions and existing on-site risks arrangements, imposed

by others or developed by the principal contractor, to control significant site H&S risks; H&S file & project H&S review.

(d) The H&S plan should include the following information:

 details of the client, that is the person commissioning the construction work, for example their name, representative and contact details; details of the principal contractor;

 details of the construction project, for example address of the workplace, anticipated start and end date and a brief description of the type of construction

work that the H&S plan will cover;

 details on how subcontractors will be managed and monitored, including how the principal contractor intends to implement and ensure compliance with the H&S plan such as checking on the performance of subcontractors and how non-compliance will be handled; and

 details on how the risks associated with falls, falling objects, moving plant, electrical work and all high risk construction work that will take place on a

construction project will be managed.

(e) The H&S plan should also include information on:

- the provision and maintenance of a hazardous chemicals register, safety data sheets and hazardous chemicals storage;
- the safe use and storage of plant;
- the development of a construction project traffic management plan;
- obtaining and providing essential services information electrical, gas, telecom, water and similar services;
- workplace security and public safety; and
- ensuring workers have appropriate licences and training to undertake the construction work.

(f) The H&S plan must contain:

- a general description of the type of work activities involved in the project and not just a description of the facility to be constructed;
- the project program or schedule details, including start and finish dates, showing principal activities;
- details of client, design team, principal contractor, subcontractors, and major suppliers; and
- extent and location of relevant existing records, surveys, site investigation and geotechnical reports, 'as-built' plans, H&S files.

10. HEALTH AND SAFETY FILE

- a) The H&S file is a document prepared by the principal contractor containing important project H&S information for use by the owner of the completed structure after construction has been completed.
- b) The principal contractor is responsible for producing an H&S file. It contains important project H&S information for use by the owner of the completed structure after construction has been completed. It is essential that the process of compiling the file commences as early as possible to ensure sufficient time to gather the required information.
- c) The Principal Contractor must, in terms of Construction Regulation 7(7), keep a Health & Safety File on site at all times that must include all documentation required in terms of the Act and Regulations and must also include a list of all Contractors on site that are accountable to the Principal Contractor and the agreements between the parties and details of work being done. A more detailed list of documents and other legal requirements that must be kept in the Health & Safety File.
- d) The contractor must ensure that the client's format and layout of the H&S file is adhered to. The contractor must identify the responsible person that will prepare the H&S file and who will be responsible for the drafting of as-built drawings. The contractor must establish procedures:
- e) The Health and Safety File will remain the property of the Client and/or its Agent on its behalf throughout the period of the project and shall be consolidated and handed over to the Client and/or its Agent on its behalf at the time of completion of the project.

11. OH&S GOALS AND OBJECTIVES AND ARRANGEMENTS FOR MONITORING AND REVIEWING OH&S PERFORMANCE

The Principal Contractor is required to maintain an acceptable disabling incident frequency rate (DIFR) and report on this to the Client and/or its Agent on its behalf on a monthly basis.

11.1 IDENTIFICATION OF HAZARDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF RISK ASSESSMENTS, STANDARD WORKING PROCEDURES (SWP) AND METHOD STATEMENTS

The Principal Contractor is required to develop Risk Assessments, Standard Working Procedures (SWP) and Method Statements for each activity executed in the contract or project.

The identification of hazards is over and above the hazards identification programme and those hazards identified during the drafting of the Health and Safety Plan.

11.1.1 Monthly Audit by Client and/or its Agent.

The Client and/or its Agent on its behalf will be conducting Periodic Audits at times agreed with the Principal Contractor Audit to comply with Construction Regulation 4(1)(d) to ensure that the principal Contractor has implemented, is adhering to and is maintaining the agreed and approved OH&S Plan.

a) A representative of the Principal Contractor and the relevant Health and Safety Representative(s) (SHE-Reps) must accompany the Client and/or its Agent on its behalf on all Audits and Inspections and may conduct their own audit/inspection at the same time. Each party will, however, take responsibility for the results of his/her own audit/inspection results. The Client and/or its Agent on its behalf may require to be handed a copy of the minutes of the previous Health and Safety Committee meeting reflecting possible recommendations made by that committee to the Employer for reference purposes.

11.1.2 Health & Safety incident/accident reporting & investigations

- a) The Principal Contractor shall report all incidents where an employee is injured on duty to the extent that he/she:
 - i. dies
 - ii. becomes unconscious
 - iii. loses a limb or part of a limb
 - iv. is injured or becomes ill to such a degree that he/she is likely either to die or to suffer a permanent physical defect or likely to be unable for a period of at

least 14 days either to work or continue with the activity for which he/she was usually employed

OR where:

- i. a major incident occurred
- ii. the health or safety of any person was endangered
- iii. where a dangerous substance was spilled
- iv. the uncontrolled release of any substance under pressure took place
- v. machinery or any part of machinery fractured or failed resulting in flying, falling or uncontrolled moving objects
- vi. Machinery ran out of control, to the Provincial Director of the Department of Labour within seven days and at the same time to the Client and/or its Agent on its behalf.
- b) The Principal Contractor is required to provide the Client and/or its Agent on its behalf with copies of all statutory reports required in terms of the Act and the Regulations.
- c) The Principal Contractor is required to provide the Client and/or its Agent on its behalf with a monthly "SHE Risk Management Report".
- d) The Principal Contractor is required to provide a.s.a.p. the Client and/or its Agent on its behalf with copies of all internal and external accident/incident investigation reports.
 - The Principal Contractor is responsible to oversee the investigation of all accidents/incidents where employees and non-employees were injured to the extent that he/she/they had to receive first aid or be referred for medical treatment by a doctor, hospital or clinic. (General Administrative Regulation 9)
- (e) The results of the investigation to be entered into the Accident/Incident Register listed above. (General Administrative Regulation 9)

- (f) The Principal Contractor is responsible for the investigation of all non-injury incidents as described in Section 24 (1) (b) & (c) of the Act and keeping a record of the results of such investigations including the steps taken to prevent similar incidents in future.
- (g) The Principal Contractor is responsible for the investigation of all accidents relating to the construction site and keeping a record of the results of such investigations including the steps taken to prevent similar accidents in future.
- (h) Notwithstanding the requirements of Section 24 of the Act, ALL incidents shall be investigated and reported on in writing, irrespective of whether such incident gave rise to injury or damage.
 - Determine the underlying H&S deficiencies and other contributory factors
 - Identification of corrective/preventative actions and continual improvement
 - Communicating the outcome/results and documenting the events of the investigation.

(i) Reporting Of Near-Misses

- Department of Public Works views the reporting of near misses as a critical component in creating a positive health and safety awareness culture on site.
- Department of Public Works retains the right to enforce the reporting of near misses within 24 hours of occurrence.

12. Review

The Principal Contractor is to review the Hazard Identification, Risk Assessments and Standard Work Processes at each Production Planning and Progress Report meeting as the construction work develops and progresses and each time changes are made to the designs, plans and construction methods and processes.

The Principal Contractor must provide the Client and/or its Agent on its behalf, other Contractors and all other concerned parties with copies of any changes, alterations or amendments as contemplated in the above paragraph.

12.1 Site Rules and other Restrictions

a) Site OH&S Rules

The Principal Contractor must develop a set of site-specific OH&S rules that will be applied to regulate the Health and Safety Plan and associated aspects of the construction. When required for a site by law, visitors and non-employees upon entering the site shall be issued with the proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as and when necessary.

b) Security Arrangements

The Principal Contractor must establish site access rules and implement and maintain these throughout the construction period. Access control must include the rule that non-employees shall at all times be provided with fulltime supervision while on site. The Principal Contractor must develop a set of Security rules and procedures and maintain these throughout the construction period.

If not already tasked to the H&S Officer appointed in terms of Construction Regulation, the Principal Contractor must appoint a competent person who must develop contingency plans for any emergency that may arise on site as indicated by the risk assessments.

12.1.1 Appointment of Health & Safety Representatives

a) H&S Representatives('SHE - Reps')

Where the Principal Contractor employs more than 20 persons (including the employees of other Contractors (sub-contractors) he has to appoint one H&S Representatives for every 50 employees or part thereof. (Section 17 of the Act and General Administrative Regulation 6. & 7.)

H&S Representatives must be appointed in writing and the designation shall be in accordance with the Collective Agreement as concluded between the parties as is required in terms of General Administration Regulation 6.

12.1.2 Duties and Functions of the H&S Representatives

- The Principal Contractor must ensure that the designated H&S Representatives conduct at least a weekly inspection of their respective areas of responsibility using a checklist developed by a Principal Contractor.
- The report must be consolidated and submitted to the Health & Safety Committee.
- H&S Representatives must form part of the incident/accident investigating team.

12.1.3 Establishment of H&S Committee(s)

- The Principal Contractor must establish H&S Committees consisting of designated H&S Representatives together with a number of Employers Representatives appointed as per Section 19(3) that are not allowed to exceed the number of H&S Representatives on the committee.
- The persons nominated by the employer on a H&S Committee must be designated in writing for such period as may be determined by him. The H&S Committee shall co-opt advisory (temporary) members and determine the procedures of the meetings including the chairmanship.
- The H&S Committee must meet minimum monthly and consider, at least, an agreed Agenda for the first meeting. Thereafter the H&S Committee shall determine its own procedures.

12.1.4 Training & Awareness

The contents and syllabi of all training required by the Act and Regulations including any other related or relevant training as required must be included in the Principal Contractor's Health and Safety Plan and Health and Safety File.

a) Training & Induction

All employees performing work or task on site that potentially impact on H&S must be competent & have the necessary appropriate education, training & experience.

All the training must be closely aligned with the risk profile of the project; procedures must be put in place to ensure that all workers are aware of the consequences of their work activities & benefits of improved H&S performance.

All employees of the Principal and other Contractors must be in possession of proof of General Induction training

b) Site Specific Induction Training

All employees of the Principal and other Contractors must be in possession of Site Specific Occupational Health and Safety Induction or other qualifying training.

c) Other Training

All operators, drivers and users of construction vehicles, mobile plant and other equipment must be in possession of valid proof of training.

13. PROJECT/SITE SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

The following is a list of specific activities and considerations that have been identified for the project and site and for which Risk Assessments, Standard Working Procedures (SWP), management and control measures and Method Statements (where necessary) have to be developed by the Principal Contractor:

- a) Clearing & grabbling the area/site
- b) Site establishment
- c) Dealing with existing structures
- d) Location of existing services
- e) Boundary & Access control/Public liability exposures
- f) Protection against heat exhaustion, dehydration, wet & cold conditions
- g) Dealing with HIV & aids other related diseases
- h) Use of portable electrical & explosive tools
- i) Any Excavation work
- j) Any welding work
- k) Loading & offloading of trucks
- l) Driving & operations of Construction vehicles & mobile plant
- m) Temporal works and
- n) Construction work as defined in the construction regulation 2014

14. OUTLINED DATA, REFERENCES AND INFORMATION ON CERTAIN AND/OR SPECIFIC OBLIGATORY REQUIREMENTS TO ENSU...E COMPLIANCE

Administrative & Legal Requirements

OHS Act Section/	Subject	Requirements
Regulation		
Construction. Regulation	Notice of carrying out Construction	Department of Labour notified
	work	Copy of Notice available on Site
General Admin.	Copy of OH&S Act (Act 85 of 1993)	Updated copy of Act & Regulations on site.
Regulation 4		Readily available for perusal by employees.
COID Act	Registration with Compensation	Written proof of registration/Letter of good standing available on Site
Section 80	insurer.	
Construction. Regulation 4	H&S Specification & Programme	H&S Spec received from Client and/or its Agent on its behalf
& 5(1)		OH&S programme developed & Updated regularly
Section 8(2)(d)	Hazard Identification & Risk	Hazard Identification carried out/Recorded
Construction. Regulation 7	Assessment	Risk Assessment and – Plan drawn up/Updated
		RA Plan available on Site
		Employees/Sub-Contractors informed/trained
Section 16(2)	Assigned duties (Managers)	 Responsibility of complying with the OH&S Act assigned to other
		person/s by CEO.
Construction. Regulation	Designation of Person Responsible on	Competent person appointed in writing as
6(1)	Site	Construction Supervisor with job description
Construction. Regulation	Designation of Assistant for above	Competent person appointed in writing as
6(2)		 Assistant Construction Supervisor with job description
Section 17 & 18	Designation of Health & Safety	 More than 20 employees - one H&S Representative, one additional H&S
General Administrative	Representatives	Rep. for each 50 employees or part thereof.
Regulations 6 & /		 Designation in writing, period and area of responsibility specified in
		terms of GAR 6 & 7
		Meaningful H&S Rep. reports.
		 Reports actioned by Management.
	1774	

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פבנוטון וש מ בט	nealth & Safety Committee/s	H&S Committee/s established.
General Administrative		All H&S Rene chall be member of USC Committee
Regulations 5		A A Little College of the College of
		 Additional members are appointed in writing.
		 Meetings held monthly, Minutes kept.
(0) 0 (1) 0 11 - 0		 Actioned by Management.
Section 3/(1) & (2)	Agreement with Mandatories/	Written agreement with (Sub-)Contractors
	(Sub-)Contractors	List of SubContractors displayed
		Proof of Registration with Compensation Insurer/ of Good Standing
		Construction Supervisor designated
		Written arrangements re.
		H&S Reps & H&S Committee
0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		 Written arrangements re. First Aid
Section 24 &	Reporting of Incidents	Incident Reporting Procedure displayed
Regulation 8	(Dept. or Labour)	 All incidents in terms of Sect. 24 reported to the Provincial Director
COID Act Coct 39 30 9 44		Department of Labour, within 3 days. (Annexure 1)(WCI 1 or 2) and to
0010 Act 06ct.30, 38 & 41		the Client and/or its Agent on its behalf
		 Cases of Occupational Disease Reported
		 Copies of Reports available on Site
		 Record of First Aid injuries kept
General Admin.	Investigation and Recording of	All injuries which resulted in the person receiving medical traction.
Negulation 8	Incidents	other than first aid, recorded and investigated by investigator designation
		in writing.
		 Copies of Reports (Annexure 1) available on Site
		 Tabled at H&S Committee meeting
Carolinian Daniel		 Action taken by Site Management.
Constitution. Negulation o	rall Prevention & Protection	Competent person appointed to draw up the Fall Protection Plan
		Proof of appointees competence available on Site
		 Risk Assessment carried out for work at heights
		 Fall Protection Plan drawn up/updated
Construction Decidation	- 177	Available on Site
Driven Machinery	Cranes & Litting Machines Equipment	Competent person appointed in writing to inspect Cranes, Lifting
Regulations 18 & 19		Machines & Equipment
		• Written Proof of Competence of above appointee available on Site.
Rev H&S Sner Guideline Ort 2010	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	l • Cranes & Litting tackle identified/numbered
	611	7.6

		Register kept for Lifting Tackle
		 Log Book kept for each individual Crane
		 Inspection: - All cranes - daily by operator
		- Tower Crane/s - after erection/6monthly
		- Other cranes - annually by comp. person
		• - Lifting tackle(slings/rones/rhain slings at) - doily or hefer-
General Safety Regulation	Designation of Stacking & Storage	Competent Person/s with specific knowledge and experience designated.
8(1)(a)	Supervisor.	to supervise all Stacking & Storage
:		 Written Proof of Competence of above appointee available on Site
Fourthern Regulation	Designation of a Person to	 Person/s with specific knowledge and experience designated to co-
0	And Fire Protection	ordinate emergency contingency planning and execution and fire
		prevention measures
		Emergency Evacuation Plan developed:
		Drilled/Practiced
		 Plan & Records of Drills/Practices available on Site
		Fire Risk Assessment carried out
		All Fire Extinguishing Equipment identified and on register.
		Inspected weekly, Inspection Register kept
		Serviced annually
General Safety Regulation	First Aid	Every workplace provided with sufficient number of First Aid boxes
7		(Required where 5 persons or more are employed)
		First Aid freely available
		 Equipment as per the list in the OH&S Act.
		• One qualified First Aider appointed for every 50 employees. (Required
		where more than 10 persons are employed)
		List of First Aid Officials and Certificates
		 Name of person/s in charge of First Aid box/es displayed.
		 Location of First Aid box/es clearly indicated.
		Signs instructing employees to report all
		 Injuries/illness including first aid injuries
General Satety Regulation	Personal Safety Equipment (PSE)	PSE Risk Assessment carried out
2		Items of PSE prescribed/use enforced

		Records of Issue kept
		Undertaking by Employee to use/wear PSE
		 PSE remain property of Employer, not to be removed from premises
		GSR 2(4)
General Safety Regulation	Inspection & Use of Welding/Flame	 Competent Person/s with specific knowledge and experience designated
on.	Cutting Equipment	to Inspect Electric Arc, Gas Welding and Flame Cutting Equipment
		 Written Proof of Competence of above appointee available on Site
		 All new vessels checked for leaks, leaking vessels NOT taken into stock
		but returned to supplier immediately
		 Equipment identified/numbered and entered into a register
		 Equipment inspected weekly. Inspection Register kept
		 Separate, purpose made storage available for full and empty vessels
General Safety Regulation	Inspection of Ladders	Competent person appointed in writing to inspect Ladders
C 2	34.	 Ladders inspected at arrival on site and weekly thereafter. Inspections
		register kept
		 Application of the types of ladders (wooden, aluminium etc.) regulated by
	-	training and inspections and noted in register
General Safety regulation	Ramps	Competent person appointed in writing to supervise the erection &
951		inspection of Ramps. Inspection register kept.
		 Daily inspected and noted in register

15. THE PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR'S GENERAL DUTIES

- The Principal Contractor shall at all times ensure his status of an "employer" as referred to in the Act, and will abide by his/her responsibilities, duties and functions as per the requirements of the Act and Regulations with specific reference to Section 8 of the Act.
- The Principal Contractor shall keep, and on demand make available, a copy of the Act on site at all times and in addition to that he/she will introduce and maintain a file titled "Health and Safety File", or other record in permanent form, which shall contain all relevant aspects and information as contemplated in the Construction Regulations. He/she will make this file available to the client or his representative whenever necessary or on request to an interested party.
- The project under control of the Principal Contractor shall be subject to periodic health and safety audits that will be conducted by the client at intervals agreed upon between the Principal Contractor and the client, provided such intervals will not exceed periods of one month.
- The Principal Contractor is to ensure that he/she and all persons under his control on the construction site shall adhere to the above specifications.
- The Principal Contractor should note that he/she shall be held liable for any anomalies including costs and resulting deficiencies due to delays caused by non-conformance and/or non-compliance to the above Health and Safety Specifications and the Health and Safety Plan based on these specifications.

The Principal Contractor's specific duties in terms of these specifications are detailed in the Construction Regulations as published under government notice 07 August 2014, stipulated in Section 7.

17. THE PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR'S SPECIFIC RESPONSIBILITIES WITH REGARD TO HAZARDOUS ACTIVITIES

The following examples of activities are identifiable as hazardous in terms of the Construction Regulations. The contractor shall execute the activities in accordance with the following Construction Regulations and other applicable regulations of the Act:

- Fall protection
- Structures
- Excavation work
- Demolition work
- Scaffolding
- Construction vehicles & mobile plant.
- Water environments
- Housekeeping on construction sites
- Fire precautions on construction sites.

This list must not be taken to be exclusive or exhaustive! All of the above requirements will be read in conjunction with the relevant regulations and health and safety standards as required by the Act. All documents and records required by the Construction Regulations will be kept in the Health and Safety File and will be made available at any time when required by the client or his representative, or on request to an interested party.

18. GENERAL NOTES TO THE PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR

Legal Framework

Part of legal obligations

The more important Acts and relevant subordinate/secondary legislation as well as other (inter alia Local Government) legislation that also apply to the State as well as to State owned buildings and premises: -

- a. The latest issue of SABS 0142: "Code of Practice for the Wiring of Premises"
- The Local Government Ordinance 1939 (Ordinance 17 of 1939) as amended and the municipal by-laws and any special requirements of the local supply authority
- c. The Fire Brigade Services Act 1987, Act 99 of 1987 as amended
- d. The National Building Regulations and Building Standards Act 1977 (Act 103 of 1977) as amended and relevant proclaimed Regulations (SABS 0400)
- e. The Post Office Act 1958 (Act 44 of 1958) as amended
- f. The Electricity Act 1984, Act 41 of 1984
- g. The Regulations of Local Gas Board(s), including Publications of the SABS Standards and Codes of Practice, with specific reference to GNR 17468 dated 4th October 1997
- h. Legislation pertaining to water usage and the environment
- Legislation governing the use of equipment, which may emit radiation (e.g. X-Rays etc.)
- j. Common Law

19. HOUSE KEEPING

Good housekeeping will be maintained at all times as per Construction Regulation No. 25. Poor housekeeping contributes to three major problems, namely, costly or Rev H&S Spec Guideline Oct 2019

increased accidents, fire or fire hazards and reduction in production. Good housekeeping will enhance production time.

In promotion of environmental control all waste, rubble, scrap etc, will be disposed of at a registered dump site and records will be maintained. Where it is found to be impractical to use a registered dump site or it is not available, the Principal Contractor will ensure that the matter is brought to record with the client or his representative, after which suitable, acceptable alternatives will be sought and applied.

Dross and refuse from metals, and waste matters or by-products whose nature is such that they are poisonous or capable of fermentation, putrefaction or constituting a nuisance shall be treated or disposed of by methods approved of by an inspector.

NOTE: No employer (Principal Contractor) shall require or permit any person to work at night or after hours unless there is adequate, suitable artificial lighting including support services in respect of Health and Safety.

a) Facilities

The site establishment plan shall make provision for:

b) Dining room facilities

The contractor shall make provision for adequate dining room facilities for his employees on site.

c) Change rooms

The contractor shall make provision for adequate change rooms for his employees on site.

d) Ablution facilities

The contractor shall make provision for adequate ablution facilities for his employees on site.

These facilities shall be maintained by the contractor.

e) Smoking Areas

Designated smoking areas shall be established by Department of Public Works.

f) Drinking Water Facilities

The provision of drinking water facilities shall be negotiated between the Contractor and Department of Public Works.

g) Equipment Compliance Certificates

Before equipment is brought on site valid certificates of compliance issued by a competent person shall be presented. The equipment includes but shall not be limited to:

i.lifting equipment and lifting tackle
ii.power driven machinery
iii.electrical equipment
iv.testing and monitoring equipment

h) Barricading

All barricading shall be of the rigid type unless the use of non-rigid barricading has been approved in writing by the Department of Public Works Project Manager. The contractors' barricading standard shall be included in the Health and Safety Plan.

Where more than one contractor is working on a site, the fixed barricading shall be clearly marked with the company's name, site contact person as well as the contact number/s.

i) Erection of Structures for Logistic Support

Prior to site establishment Department of Public Works shall approve the contractor's site plan.

Department of Public Works shall approve all structures erected for logistical support by the contractor. These structures include fences, workshops, tool sheds, offices, ablution facilities, etc.

j) Salvage Yard Management

Depending on the site specific arrangements and procedures, Department of Public Works may provide the salvage yard and the resources to manage it.

The salvage yard management shall conform to safety, health and environmental requirements. The contractors are required to move the equipment from the place of work to the salvage yard.

k) Fall Arrest and Prevention Equipment

Approved fall prevention equipment shall be used at heights of less than 2.0 metres. Above heights of 2.0 metres fall prevention equipment shall include fall arrest Equipment. Users of fall arrest equipment shall, amongst other things be trained in what an appropriate load bearing point is for connecting fall prevention equipment. Any deviation from this requirement shall be negotiated and agreed with Department of Public Works in writing.

I) Hazardous Chemical Substances Waste Removal

Department of Public Works shall provide a facility to collect all hazardous chemical waste material.

The contractor shall provide adequately marked and sealable containers to transport The hazardous chemical waste from the source to the approved Department of Public Works disposal point.

m) Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Personal protective equipment issued shall be specific to the risks associated with the work to be performed and specific to conditions on site and shall comply with South African National Standards (SANS) or similar.

20. LOCKOUT SYSTEMS

A system of control shall be established in order that no unauthorized person can energize a circuit, open a valve, or activate a machine on which people are working or doing maintenance, even if equipment, plant or machinery is out of commission for any period, thus eliminating injuries and damage to people and equipment as far as is reasonably practicable.

Physical/mechanical lock-out systems shall be part of the safety system and included in training. Lockouts shall be tagged and the system tested before commencing with any work or repairs.

21. IMPORTANT LISTS AND RECORDS TO BE KEPT

The following are lists of several records that are to be kept in terms of the Construction Regulations. The lists are:

- i. List of appointments
- ii. List of record keeping responsibilities
- iii. Inspection checklist

a) Contractor Risk Assessment Process

The risk assessment process shall include:

- 1) an evaluation of the method of the work to be conducted
- the method statement on the procedure to be followed in performing the task shall be developed
- 3) the risk assessment will also include activities like:
 - i. Transportation of passengers and goods to and from site
 - ii. Site establishment
 - iii. Physical and mental capabilities of employees
 - iv. Others as may be specified.
- 4) the hazards as listed in the paragraph Site Specific Health and Safety Hazards

- 5) a review plan for risk assessments shall provide for:
 - i. the quarterly review of all applicable risk assessments
 - ii. the review of an assessment if there is reason to believe that the previous assessment is no longer valid, or there has been a change in a process, work methods, equipment or procedures and working conditions
 - iii. Risk assessment/s to be reviewed if the outcome of incident investigations and audits etc. requires such action.

A pre - task risk assessment shall be conducted in writing on every task and be facilitated by the team leader. All risk assessments and pre-task risk assessments shall be filed and be available on site.

b) Risk Profile

All contractors shall submit a risk profile of the work to be conducted with their Health and Safety Plan.

c) Risk Based Inspection Program

The inspection programme shall be risk based. The inspection plan shall form part of the Health and Safety Plan.

MPORTANT CONTACT DETIALS

(FOR HEALTH & SAFETY ASPECTS ONLY)

The contractor is to add all the important contact information about essentials services, support and assistance.

assistance.	SERVICE	NUMBER	CONTACT PERSON
	Hospital		
	Ambulance		
	Water Electricity		· ·
C.P	Police		
	Fire Brigade		
	Engineer		·

ADD OTHER IMPORTANT HEALTH & SAFETY CONTACT DETAILS AS MAY BE FOUND IECESSARY.

SECTION 37(2) AGREEMENTS CONCLUDED BETWEEN DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

(Hereinafter referred to as Department of Public Works)

AND
(Name of contractor/supplier/Agent/)
[Insert name of contractor/supplier], do hereby acknowledge that [insert name of contractor/supplier] is an employer in his/her own right, with duties as prescribed in the Occupational Health and Safety Act No. 85 of 1993 ("the Act"), as amended, and agree to ensure that all work will be performed and/or machinery or plant used in accordance with the provisions of
the Act.
I undertake that
I have been provided with SHE specifications for project/service
I accept and agree that the SHE specifications constitute arrangements and procedures between [Insert name of contractor/supplier/Agent Safety Manager/Safety Officer] and Department of Public Works, which will ensure compliance by
This agreement constitutes the sole agreement between the parties, and no variation, modification, or waiver of any of the provisions of this agreement or consent to any departure from these shall,

in any manner, be of any force or effect, unless confirmed in writing and signed by both parties, and such variation, modification, waiver, or consent shall be effective only in the specific instance and

for the specific purpose and to the extent for which it was made or given. Rev H&S Spec Guideline Oct 2019

This agreement is signed on behalf of the parties, each signatory to this warranting that he/she has
the requisite authority to do so.
Signed this day of
(Place)
(Full name)on
behalf of
Contractor Responsible Manager (responsible for signing the Department of Public Works'
contract on behalf of the contractor)
Witnesses
1
2
Signed this day of2020
at (Place)
(Full nameon
Behalf of Department of Public Works. (Contracts and/or Project Manager or Department of Public Works representative)
Witnesses
1
2



Additions to health and safety specifications for all construction sites to include COVID 19

- 1. Introduction
- 2. References
- 3. Special appointments
- 4. Workers transport
- 5. Security/access control/control of visitors onsite
- 6. Pre-construction evaluation of medical requirements, screening and training
- 7. Facilities, resources and action required by principal contractor where applicable contractor onsite
- 8. Required procedures, documentation development and updates
- 9. Procedures at start during and at end of shift
- 10. Managing and controlling flammable hazardous chemicals
- 11. Contractor management
- 12. Compliance monitoring and discipline
- 13. Additional resources and recourse management

1. Introduction

COVID 19 Novel Corona virus has changed the world we live in and how we will conduct business activities and life in the future. Due to this it has become necessary to take special precautions, to plan and implement control measures, to prevent further spread of this disease.

These specifications are based on the prevention of persons, objects/tools being contaminated with the virus, infection transmission and specific occupational hygiene practices that focus on the need for employers to implement measures to mitigate or eliminate the transmission of the virus in the workplace.

This document is an addendum to the original project health and safety specification to assist the principal contractor and contractors to protect their workers, and to comply with the interim Regulations that has been gazetted

2. References

The Department of Employment and Labour has appealed to employers to use the prescriptions of the Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) Act of 1993 in governing workplaces in relation to Coronavirus Disease 2019 COVID19 under the National Disaster Act

Department of labour, notice no. 479, 29 April 2020, covid-19, Occupational health and safety measures in workplaces Covid-19 (c19 ohs), directive by the minister of employment and labour in terms of regulation 10 (8) of the regulations issued by the minister of cooperative governance



and "aditional affairs in terms of section 27 (2) of the disaster management act, 2002 (act no. 57 of 2002)

The OHS Act read with the Hazardous Biological Agents Regulations requires the employer to provide and maintain as far as is reasonably practicable a working environment that is safe and without risks to the health of employees

Section 8(2)(b) of OHS act requires steps such as may be reasonably practicable to eliminate or mitigate any hazard or potential hazard before resorting to personal protective equipment (PPE). However, in the case of COVID19, a combination of controls is required, although the main principle is to follow the hierarchy of controls

However, before the implementation of control measures, current risk assessments need to be reviewed and updated, considering the new hazards posed by exposure to COVID-19 in the workplace. The risk assessment should take the Risk Assessment Guides published online by the National Department of Health into account

3. Special appointments

- a. The employer must appoint a manager (from within the existing structure) to address the concerns of employees and workplace representatives concerning COVID 19
- Appointment and training of security personnel and adequate personnel to conduct procedures of screening, isolating, conducting questionnaire and further actions required if person presents positive COVID 19 symptoms

4. Workers transport

- a. Where possible the contractors must arrange transport of their employees in line with the travel rules of not more than 70% occupancy and social distancing
- b. Where not possible to avoid the use of public transport provide employees with information on the virus and precautions to take during public transport travel:
- i. Frequent sanitising
- ii. Maintain social distancing (at least 2 m)
- iii. Always wear a mask
- iv. Coughing, sneezing safe practice and spitting
- v. When being coughed or sneezed on, turn face away and do not touch face before hands have been sanitised
- vi. Do not travel if experiencing symptoms of infection
- vii. Provide employees with CIPC travel certificate

5. Security/access control/control of visitors onsite

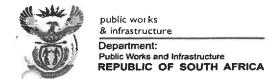


- a. Only access point allowed on site during the Phase lockdown period.
- b. A policy of lockdown inside site for the whole shift must be maintained which will mean that employees will not be allowed to exit and re-enter the site during working hours. This will prevent employees from bringing contaminated food or articles onto site and will have to bring food from home
- c. The principal contractor must enforce strict access control and no person may enter the site except those who have undergone induction training and who is listed on the employee list
- d. The only exceptions are persons who have pre-arranged official appointment which has been approved by the project construction manager. This person may not enter the site before they have passed the screening procedure (fever and questionnaire) and thereafter must be escorted by a person designated by the construction manager
- e. Biometric or any form of touch access entry is prohibited
- f. Delivery vehicle drivers must undergo and pass the full COVID 19 screening procedure or may not leave the cab of the vehicle and wear a face mask
- g. Where more than one Principal Contractor operates on site. A meeting must be held with all the Principal Contractors where an access plan must be formulated and **agreed to in writing**, which incorporates the sharing of expenses and other resources.
- 6. Pre-construction evaluation, screening and training

Principal contractor and contractor's pre-construction requirements:

It is critical that the principal contractor conduct the following preparatory actions before going to site. These actions must be documented and each employee must sign that he/she has undergone this screening and training and understands and procedures

- a. Evaluation:
- i. Employees medical evaluation, ensuring annual medical is valid
- ii. Screening:
- 1. Fever screening
- 2. Health questionnaire (signs and symptoms)
- 3. Questionnaire of travel during shut down level 4 and exposure
- 4. Employee practical understanding of:
- a. the risks of the virus



- b. how Jo you get contaminated?
- c. how do you get infected?
- d. signs and symptoms
- e. prevention

b. Training program

It is important to understand that workers have been of site for an extended period and which requires that the principal contractor and contractors develop a full risk based induction training and awareness program, policies and procedure for COVID 19 and communicate it with management, employees and contractors which include the following:

- i. Employees responsibility to look after their own health and safety and preventing from being infected or infecting other persons
- ii. What is COVID 19
- iii. How are you infected
- iv. Explanation of symptoms and signs (ever, cough, sore throat, redness of eyes or shortness of breath or difficulty in breathing, body aches, loss of smell or loss of taste, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, fatigue, weakness or tiredness
- v. Incubation period
- vi. Explain the risk of underlying conditions, i.e.:
- 1. People 60 years and older
- 2. People with chronic lung disease or moderate to severe asthma
- 3. People who have serious heart conditions
- 4. People who are immunocompromised
- 5. People with diabetes
- 6. People with chronic kidney disease undergoing dialysis
- 7. People with liver disease
- vi. Self-monitoring and reporting of symptoms, possible exposure or infection to company
- vii. The importance of being aware of who you have been in contact with during work and after hours to assist with tracking in case of being infected
- /iii. How to self-isolate
- ix. Company COVID sick leave and Temporary Employer Relief Scheme under regulation 10(8) of the Regulations promulgated in terms of section 27(2) of the Disaster Management Act
- x. How to prevent infection:
- 1. Correct methods of sanitising
- f. Hands
- g. Personal hygiene
- h. Site facilities
- 2. Social distancing
- 3. Not touching face



- 4. The correct way to cough or sneeze
- 5. Correct use, limitations of and disposal of PPE
- 6. How to protect yourself and family after hours
- xi. What to do if employee is not feeling well and are presenting with the symptoms when already at the work-place or before arrival onsite include:
- 1. Employees
- a. If already onsite
- i. Immediate reporting to employer
- ii. Social distancing and other preventative actions
- b. When not onsite yet
- i. Do not go to work
- ii. Who to contact at your company?
- iii. Relevant company contact numbers
- 2. Principal contractor and contractors
- a. Procedures and PPE required when employee presents with symptoms at the site screening and needs to be isolated and tracking of persons in contact with that employee
- b. Procedures and care of persons who are in self isolation or being treated at hospital or COVID 19 facility
- c. Company and employee return to work after recovery procedures
- xii. Updated company COVID 19:
 - 1. SHE plan and risk assessment
- 2. Policies
- 3. PPE requirements
- 4. Method statements & risk assessment
- 5. Stay at home policy and sick leave
- 6. Employee assistance/care program
- tiii. Include COVID awareness in every day DSTI/permit to work system
- 7. Facilities, resources and action required by principal contractor where applicable contractor onsite
- a. Provide these employees with appropriate PPE for their tasks
- b. Prevention of employees having to come into close-proximity (Queuing or bundling together)
- c. Method/procedure of providing drinking water that cannot be contaminated with the virus
- d. Adequate and appropriate risk-based:



- i. PPE
- ii. Sanitising/hand washing facilities at entrance, eating areas, offices, kitchens, toilets (Foot pedal hand sanitisers is the preferable option)
- iii. Awareness signage and posters
- e. Procedures for sanitising site, offices, toilets, eating areas, meeting rooms communal kitchen appliances, printers and telephones
- f. Procedures and rules to minimise exposure during:
- i. Meetings (Alternates to close contact meetings)
- ii. Duration and maximum number of delegates at close contact meetings
- iii. Induction, Toolbox talk, DSTI
- iv. Sanitising of areas, offices, boardrooms and furniture
- v. Communal drinking facility use
- vi. Housekeeping and garbage removal
- g. Provide an isolation area/tent/room where person can be interviewed and remain until instructions have been received from the COVID 19 control centre on next step to be taken

CORONA 24 Hour HOTLINE 0800029999

8. Required procedures, documentation development and updates

The contractor must develop new and update existing plans, policies, documentation and procedures to include COVID 19

- a. She plan and policy
- b. Company COVID 19 plans, policies, procedures and programs to include:
- i. Prevention, exposure, infection
- ii. Social distancing during entering and exiting site, meetings, training
- iii. Creating different areas for and staggering start of work and lunch-times, training sessions and effective planning of required staff compliments
- iv. Cooperation with local police, clinic, emergency services and notifying them of the project and developing beneficial relationships
- v. Engaging with CLO and communities and establish a trust relationship by providing relevant information and possible assistance where possible
- vi. Emergencies (mass infections)
- /ii. Post-infection return to work guideline, which include:
- 1. minimum medical and practical criteria for return to work
- 2. medical evaluation by occupational health practitioner
- ii. Employee emotional care and assistance during and post infection
- x. Management and disposal of contaminated PPE and equipment



- x. Planning to maximise social distancing
- xi. Planning of production and progress to optimise the work-force to minimise the amount of persons onsite at one-time
- xii. Managing and disposal of biological (Virus) contaminated PPE and other personal waste
- (iii. Daily reporting to management of screening results and of persons who were isolated, taken for testing and follow-up
- civ. Reporting of persons who have been confirmed to be infected to company management, department of labour and Health
- xv. Contact-tracing of persons who were in contact with a person who have been isolated or who has been confirmed as being infected
- cvi. Updated risk assessment to include COVID 19 hasards and risks
- vii. Evaluation of daily screening, reporting to management and if required update procedure and training
- viii. Company policy related to paid sick leave in terms of section 22 of the BCEA illness benefit in terms of clause 4 of the Directive issued on 25 March 2020 on the COVID-19 Temporary Employer Relief Scheme under regulation 10(8) of the Regulations promulgated in terms of section 27(2) of the Disaster Management Act;
- (ix. Also revise the permit to work where required.
- 9. Procedures at start during and at end of shift
- a. Include conducting and recording information of:
- i. Sanitisation
- 1. At start of shift all persons must sanitise with sanitiser that contains at least 70% alcohol with foot pedal or automatic detection and spray device, no hand contact
- 2. Site facilities, offices, boardrooms, toilets, eating areas, surfaces
- 3. Hand and power tools, and other communal equipment to be wiped down
- ii. Fever screening and procedure when person has fever
- 1. Re-do fever screen and if high fever
- a. Isolate and questionnaire
- b. Procedure if evidence points at infection
- Contact call centre and follow instructions
- d. Also follow company procedure for reporting to management, client and authorities

10. Managing and controlling flammable hasardous chemicals

- a. The type of sanitiser used for CIVID 19 must have a minimum of 70% alcohol and it is important that adequate stock is held onsite
- b. Due to its high alcohol content it poses a fire risk as well as a possible risk of being used by workers for intoxicating purposes which can lead to poisoning
- c. It is therefore particularly important to include these risks into account when the risk assessments is updated



d. The principal contractor and contractors must ensure that they provide a flammable liquid storage facility, considering the quantities they will be storing onsite which conforms with local government fire regulations and GSR 4

e. The storage area must be lockable and issuing and stock levels must be controlled by an appointed competent hasardous chemical substance controller

- f. Records of stock levels, issuing and usage must be updated daily and any discrepancies must be reported to management and investigated
- g. Decanting procedures must be developed which includes spillage control. Bottles into which it has been decanted into must be marked to clearly show the contents
- h. Appropriate and adequate signage must be posted
- i. Adequate Alcohol resistant foam or Carbon dioxide (CO2) fire extinguishers must pe appropriately positioned Inspections of the flammable hasardous chemicals store must be conducted at least monthly
- i. Inspections of the flammable hasardous chemicals store must be conducted at least monthly
- k. First aiders should be trained on the first aid measures as set out in the MSDS

11.Contractor management

It is the responsibility of the principal contractors to ensure that all contractor comply with the requirements of the addition to the original project health and safety specifications

12. Compliance monitoring and discipline

- Monitoring of compliance is critical to the prevention program and there may be no tolerance of non-compliance
- b. Strict appropriate disciplinary action must be instituted against employees, contractors, consultants or any person
- c. found in breach of the requirements
- d. The client will be responsible for compliance through audits and inspections and evaluation of principal contractors' reports
- e. The principal contractor must monitor compliance through inspections and COVID 19 specific audit of:
- i. Available equipment
- ii. Sanitiser/washing facilities
- iii. Sanitising of site facilities
- iv. Employee screening
- v. Access control
- vi. Availability of isolation facilities
- vii. Separation and procedures followed when employees present with symptoms
- iii. Continues awareness training
- x. Recordkeeping
- x. Sub-contractor training and screening records, risk assessments and monitoring
- f. Any suspected or confirmed infection or noncompliance with the COVID 19 requirements must be reported to the client health and safety agent with immediate effect



g. A winten incident report must be supplied within 24 hours after the incident. If the risk assessment or procedures are required to be reviewed, same will be done within 36 hours.

13. Additional resources and recourse management

- a. It is a fact that finance and budgets of active projects that were shut down due to COVID 19 have approved budgets and available capital projects that are currently running have already been allocated and approved and Therefore funds should be available from the client to pay Principal Contractors/Contractors
- b. It is therefore critical that the principal contractor ensure that their payment certificates and related documents are correct and is submitted before deadline dates with their invoices. Many delays in payment from clients are due to incorrect or insufficient documentation that has been submitted late.
- c. It is important to understand that the COVID 19 virus has affected all parties and cooperation will increase the probability of completing the project successful
- d. It is critical that the client and principal contractor re-negotiate and discuss the project deadlines and budget and agree on solutions to the benefit of all. The impact of screening, site access, delayed delivery of long lead items due to manufacturing constraints and restrictions due to COVID19 legislation must be considered when negotiating the program and deadlines specifically.
- e. Clients must not delay payment to principal contractors and principal contractors must do the same with their contractors. Delaying payments will have a snowball effect all the way down to the workers who have in some case already not received salaries or has only received partial payment
- f. Businesses most do their utmost to protect the workers who are the most crucial asset of construction
- g. Although SMME are businesses in their own right, many of these companies were already struggling financially before lockdown started and the principal contractor could use the assistance of the project CLO to ensure that workers are being paid and if not report it to the principal contractor.
- h. Contractor must assist employees with UIF claims.
- i. All the above requirement and information must be filtered down to the contractors onsite

"Health and safety is not negotiable"



DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

HIV/AIDS SPECIFICATION

OCTOBER 2004

ECTION

HIV/AIDS SPECIFICATION

HIV/AIDS REQUIREMENTS

1 SCOPE

This specification contains all requirements applicable to the Contractor for creating HIV/AIDS awareness amongst all of the Workers involved in this project for the duration of the construction period, through the following strategies:

- Raising awareness about HIV/AIDS through education and information on the nature of the
 disease, how it is transmitted, safe sexual behaviour, attitudes towards people affected and people
 living with HIV/AIDS, how to live a healthy lifestyle with HIV/AIDS, the importance of voluntary
 testing and counselling, the diagnosis and treatment of Sexually Transmitted Infections and the
 closest health Service Providers;
- Informing Workers of their rights with regard to HIV/AIDS in the workplace;
- Providing Workers with access to condoms and other awareness material that will enable them to make informed decisions about sexual practices.

2 DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

2.1 Definitions

Service Provider: The natural or juristic person recognised and approved by the Department of Public Works as a specialist in conducting HIV/AIDS awareness programmes.

Service Provider Workshop Plan: A plan outlining the content, process and schedule of the training and education workshops, presented by a Service Provider which has been approved by the Representative/Agent.

Worker: Person in the employ of the Contractor or under the direction or supervision of the Contractor or any of his Sub-contractors, who is on site for a minimum period of 30 days in all.

2.2 Abbreviations

HIV: Human Immunodeficiency Virus.

AIDS : Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome.

STI : Sexually Transmitted Infection.

3 BASIC METHOD REQUIREMENT

3.1 The Contractor shall, through a Service Provider, conduct onsite workshops with the Workers.

The Service Provider shall develop and compile a Service Provider Workshop Plan to be presented at the workshops and which will be best suited for this project to achieve the specified objectives with regard to HIV/AIDS awareness.



The Service Provider Workshop Plan shall be based on the following information provided by the Contractor:

- Number of Workers and Sub-contractors on site;
- When new Workers or Sub-contractors will join the construction project;
- Duration of Workers and Sub-contractors on site;
- How the maximum number of Workers can be targeted with workshops;
- How the Contractor prefers workshops to be scheduled, e.g. three hourly sessions per Worker, or one 2.5 hour workshop per Worker;
- Profile of Workers, including educational level, age and gender (if available);
- Preferred time of day or month to conduct workshops;
- A Gantt chart reflecting the construction programme, for scheduling of workshops;
- Suitable venues for workshops.

The Contractor shall submit the Service Provider Workshop Plan for approval within 21 days after the tender acceptance date. After approval by the Representative/Agent, the Contractor shall make available a suitable venue that will be conducive to education and training.

- 3.2 The Service Provider Workshop Plan shall address, but will not be limited to the following:
- 3.2.1 The nature of the disease;
- 3.2.2 How it is transmitted;
- 3.2.3 Safe sexual behaviour;
- 3.2.4 Post exposure services such as voluntary counselling and testing (VCT) and nutritional plans for people living with HIV/AIDS;
- 3.2.5 Attitudes towards other people with HIV/AIDS;
- 3.2.6 Rights of the Worker in the workplace;
- 3.2.7 How the Awareness Champion will be equipped prior to commencement of the HIV/AIDS awareness programme with basic HIV/AIDS information and the necessary skills to handle questions regarding the HIV/AIDS awareness programme on site sensitively and confidentially;
- 3.2.8 How the Service Provider will support the Awareness Champion;
- 3.2.9 Location and contact numbers of the closest clinics, VCT facilities, counselling services and referral systems:
- 3.2.10 How the workshops will be presented, including frequency and duration;
- 3.2.11 How the workshops will fit in with the construction programme;
- 3.2.12 How the Service Provider will assess the knowledge and attitude levels of attendees to structure workshops accordingly:
- 3.2.13 How the video will be used;
- 3.2.14 How the Service Provider will elicit maximum participation from the Workers;
- 3.2.15 A questions and answers slot (interactive session).

The Service Provider Workshop Plan shall encompass the Specific Learning Outcomes (SLO) as stipulated.

4 HIV/ AIDS AWARENESS EDUCATION AND TRAINING

4.1 Workshops

The Contractor shall ensure that all Workers attend the workshops.

The workshops shall adequately deal with all the aspects contained in the Service Provider Workshop Plan. A video of HIV/AIDS in the construction industry, which can be obtained from all Regional Offices of the Department of Public Works, is to be screened to Workers at workshops. In order to enhance the



learning experience, groups of not exceeding 25 people shall attend the interactive sessions of the workshops.

4.2 Recommended practice

4.2.1 Workshop Schedule

Presenting information contained in the Service Provider Workshop Plan can be divided in as many workshop sessions as deemed practicable by the Contractor, provided that all Workers are exposed to all aspects of the workshops as outlined in the Service Provider Workshop Plan.

Breaking down the content of information to be presented to Workers into more than one workshop session however, has the added advantage that messages are reinforced over time while providing opportunity between workshop sessions for Workers to reflect and test information. Workers will also have an opportunity to ask questions at a following session.

4.2.2 Service Providers

A database of recommended Service Providers is available from all Regional Offices of the Department of Public Works.

4.2.3 HIV/AIDS Specific Learning Outcomes and Assessment Criteria

Workers shall be exposed to workshops for a minimum duration of two-and-a-half hours. In order to set a minimum standard requirement, the following specific learning outcomes and assessment criteria shall be met.

4.2.3.1 UNIT 1: The nature of HIV/AIDS

After studying and understanding this unit, the Worker will be able to differentiate between HIV and AIDS and comprehend whether or not it is curable. The Worker will also be able to explain how the HI virus operates once a person is infected and identify the symptoms associated with the progression of HIV/AIDS.

Assessment Criteria:

- 1. Define and describe HIV and AIDS;
- List and describe the progression of HIV/AIDS.

4.2.3.2 UNIT 2: Transmission of the HI virus

After studying and understanding this unit, the Worker will be able to identify bodily fluids that carry the HI virus. The Worker will be able to recognise how HIV/AIDS is transmitted and how it is not transmitted.

Assessment Criteria:

- 1. Record in what bodily fluids the HI virus can be found;
- 2. Describe how HIV/AIDS can be transmitted;
- Demonstrate the ability to distinguish between how HIV/AIDS is transmitted and misconceptions around transmittance of HIV/AIDS.

4.2.3.3 UNIT 3: HIV/AIDS preventative measures

After studying and understanding this unit, the Worker will comprehend how to act in a way that would minimise the risk of HIV/AIDS infection and to use measures to prevent the HI virus from entering the bloodstream.

Assessment Criteria:

- 1. Report on how to minimise the risk of HIV/AIDS infection;
- 2. Report on precautions that can be taken to prevent HIV/AIDS infection;
- 3. Explain or demonstrate how to use a male and female condom;
- 4. List the factors that could jeopardize the safety of condoms provided against HIV/AIDS Transmission.

4.2.3.4 UNIT 4: Voluntary HIV/AIDS counselling and testing

After studying and understanding this unit, the Worker will be able to recognise methods of testing for HIV/AIDS infection. The Worker will be able to understand the purpose of voluntary HIV/AIDS testing and pre- and post-test counseling.

Assessment Criteria:

- 1. Describe methods of testing for HIV/AIDS infection;
- 2. Report on why voluntary testing is important;
- 3. Report on why pre- and post-test counselling is important.

4.2.3.5 UNIT 5: Living with HIV/AIDS

After studying and understanding this unit, the Worker will be able to recognise the importance of caring for people living with HIV/AIDS and be able to manage HIV/AIDS.

Assessment Criteria:

- 1. List and describe ways to manage HIV/AIDS;
- 2. Describe nutritional needs of people living with HIV/AIDS;
- 3. Describe ways to embrace a healthy lifestyle as a person living with HIV/AIDS;
- Explain the need for counselling and support to people living with HIV/AIDS.

4.2.3.6 UNIT 6: Treatment options for people with HIV/AIDS

After studying and understanding this unit, the Worker will be familiar with the various treatments available to HIV/AIDS infected or potentially HIV/AIDS infected people.

Assessment Criteria:

- 1. Discuss anti-retroviral therapy;
- 2. List methods of treatment to prevent HIV/AIDS transmission from mother-to-child;
- 3. Describe the need for treatment of opportunistic diseases for people living with HIV/AIDS;
- 4. Describe post exposure prophylactics.

4.2.3.7 UNIT 7: The rights and responsibilities of Workers in the workplace with regard to HIV/AIDS

After studying and understanding this unit, the Worker will be able to identify the rights and responsibilities of the Worker living with HIV/AIDS in the workplace. The Worker will recognise the importance of accepting colleagues living with HIV/AIDS and treating them in a non-discriminative way.

Assessment Criteria:

- 1. Discuss the rights of a person living with HIV/AIDS in the workplace;
- 2. Discuss the responsibilities of a person living with HIV/AIDS in the workplace;
- 3. Report on why acceptance and non-discrimination of colleagues living with HIV/AIDS is important.



Displaying of plastic laminated posters and distribution of information booklets

The Contractor shall obtain a set of four laminated posters conveying different key messages and information booklets. The contractor should include the costs of posters and information booklets in his/her tender price.

The above-mentioned posters and information booklets have been prepared to raise awareness and to share information about HIV/AIDS and STI's.

Posters or display stands shall be displayed on site as soon as possible, but not later than 14 days after the date of site handover.

Posters shall be displayed in areas highly trafficked by Workers, including toilets, rest areas, the site office and compounds.

The posters on display must always be intact, clear and readable.

Information booklets must be distributed to all Workers as soon as possible, but not later than 14 days after site handover, or as soon as the Worker joins the site.

5 PROVIDING WORKERS WITH ACCESS TO CONDOMS

The Contractor shall provide and maintain condom dispensers and make both male and female condoms, complying with the requirements of SABS ISO 4074, available at all times to all Workers at readily accessible points on site, for the duration of the contract. The Contractor may obtain condom dispensers from the Department of Health and condoms may be obtained from the Local Clinic or the Department of Health.

At least one male and one female condom dispenser and a sufficient supply of condoms, all to the approval of the Representative/Agent, shall be made available on site within 14 days of site hand over. Contractors should note that arrangements to obtain condoms from the Department of Health Clinics prior to site hand over may be necessary, to ensure that condoms are available within 14 days of site handover.

Condoms shall be made available in areas highly trafficked by Workers, including toilets, the site office and compounds.

6 ENSURING ACCESS TO HIV/AIDS TESTING AND COUNSELLING FACILITIES AND TREATMENT OF SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED INFECTIONS (STI)

The Contractor shall provide Workers with the names of the closest Service Providers that provide HIV/AIDS testing and counselling and Clinics providing Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI) diagnosis and treatment. Information on these Service Providers and Clinics must be displayed on a poster of a size not smaller than A1 in an area highly trafficked by Workers.

7 APPOINTMENT OF AN HIV/AIDS AWARENESS CHAMPION

7.1 Within 14 days of site handover the Contractor shall appoint an Awareness Champion from amongst the Workers, who speaks, reads and writes English, who speaks and understands all the local languages spoken by the Workers and who shall be on site during all stages of the construction period. The Contractor shall ensure that the Awareness Champion has been trained by the Service Provider on basic HIV/AIDS information, the support services available and the necessary skills to handle questions regarding the HIV/AIDS programme in a sensitive and confidential manner.



The Awareness Champion shall be responsible for:

- 7.2.1 Liasing with the Service Provider on organising awareness workshops;
- 7.2.2 Filling condom dispensers and monitoring condom distribution;
- 7.2.3 Handing out information booklets;
- 7.2.4 Placing and maintaining posters.

8 MONITORING

The Contractor shall grant to the Representative/Agent reasonable access to the construction site, in order to establish that the Contractor complies with his obligations regarding HIV/AIDS awareness under this contract.

The Contractor must report problems experienced in implementing the HIV/AIDS requirements to the Representative/Agent.

The attached SITE CHECKLIST (SCHEDULE A) shall be completed and submitted at every construction progress inspection to the Representative/Agent.

The attached SERVICE PROVIDER REPORT (SCHEDULE B) shall be completed and submitted on a monthly basis to the Department's Project Manager, through the Representative/Agent.

The attached CONTRACTOR HIV/AIDS PROGRAMME REPORT (SCHEDULE C), a close out programme report, shall be completed by the Contractor at the end of the contract.

SCHEDULE A

HIV/AIDS PROGRAMME: SITE CHECKLIST

/hen did construction commence:	ame of Departmental Project Manager:

Please refer to HIV/AIDS Programme activities during the reporting period

Tick the block if Contractor satisfactorily compl	V com	olied wit	eds 4	lied with specifications								
		<u>a</u>	_	<u>a</u>	ā	L	<u>a</u>	P	₫		F	
DAIE	0	M	٥	M M	M 0	O M	D M M	M M G	D D M	Σ	۵	N N
Programme implemented within 14 days of site handover												
Awareness champion on site												
HIV/AIDS awareness service												
provider report												
Male condom dispenser												
Sufficient male condoms available												
Male condom dispenser in a highly												
trafficked area						-						
Female condom dispenser												
Sufficient female condoms available												
Female condom dispenser in a												
highly trafficked area												
All four types of posters displayed												
Posters in a good condition												
Posters in a highly trafficked area												
Posters displayed on local support												
services: clinic & VCT centre												
Support service poster/s in highly												
trafficked area			4									
Support service poster/s in a good												
CONDITION			_									

Please indicate the applicable number for the repo	reporting period	
Workers on payroll (at PI)		
Sub-Contractors who will be on site		
for longer than 30 days (at PI)		
Workshop attendees		
Number of workshops held		
Scheduled workshops according to		
approved workshop plan		
Booklets distributed		
Male condoms distributed		
Female condoms distributed		
Representative/Agent	Date	
Contractor	Date	

Date of progress inspection: (ccyy/mm/dd)	
Reporting period: (ccyy/mm/dd)	to (ccyy/mm/dd)
Deviations from HIV/AIDS awareness programme plan:	
Corrective actions:	
	December 2012
Representative/Agent	Departmental Project Manager
Date	Date

SCHEDULE A

Page 3 of 3

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SCHEDULE B

HIV/AIDS AWARENESS PROGRAMME: SERVICE PROVIDER REPORT

Reporting period: (ccyy/mm/dd)	to (ccyy/mm/dd)
Number of workshops conducted in reporting period:	
Number of scheduled workshops according to approved	workshop plan:
Deviations from workshop plan:	
State reasons for deviating from workshop plan:	
Corrective actions:	
Service Provider	
Date	Date

SCHEDULE B

HIV/AIDS AWARENESS PROGRAMME: WORKSHOP CONTENT ADDRESSED

	S/M	S/M	W/S	W/S	W/S	M/S	N/S
DAIE	M M O	-	1	M M Q Q	M M O O	M M O O	M M Q Q
Content of workshop:							
(Mark the content included)							
SL01							
SL02							
SLO3							
SLO4							
SLO5							
SLO6							
SLO7							
HIV/AIDS in							
construction video							
Indicate the duration of the workshop in hours							
Total number of Workers							
Indicate workshop venue							

HIV/AIDS AWARENESS PROGRAMME: ATTENDANCE REGISTER

1		S/M	M/S	M/S	W/S	W/S	S/M	S/M
AIE	DAIE	M Q Q	DDMM	M M O O	D D M M	-	M M O O	M D D
2	NAMES							

SCHEDULE C

CONTRACTOR HIV/AIDS PROGRAMME REPORT

Project name:	
Project Location:	
Contract value of project: R	
Department of Public Works Project Manager:	
HIV/AIDS Programme duration: (ccyy/mm/dd)	to (ccyy/mm/dd)
AWARENESS MATERIAL	
Describe location of posters displayed during the programme:	
•	
Comments on posters:	
Indicate total number of booklets distributed:	
Comments on booklets:	
CONDOMS	
Indicate total number of male condoms distributed:	
Indicate total number of female condoms distributed:	
Describe where male condom dispenser was placed:	
Describe where female condom dispenser was placed:	
HIV/AIDS WORKSHOPS	
Indicate the total number of HIV/AIDS workshops conducted:	
Indicate the duration of workshops:	
Indicate the total number of Workers that participated in the HIV/AII	OS workshops:
Indicate the total number of Workers that were exposed to the video Industry:	o on HIV/AIDS in the Construction
Comments on HIV/AIDS workshops on site:	

SCHEDULE C

Page 1 of 2

GENERAL				
Briefly describe programme act	vities and satisfaction with outcome:			
Additional comments, suggestion	ons or needs with regard to the HIV/	AIDS awar	eness pro	grammes on site
Oleana indicate if your compony	has a formal HIV/AIDS policy			Currently
Please indicate if your company focussing on HIV/AIDS awarend of HIV/AIDS Workers:	ess raising and care and support	Yes	No	developing
Diagna indicate if to your kno	owledge, you have lost any worker	s during	the duration	on of the proje
HIV/AIDS related sicknesses.	One or more of the following might in	dicate an	HIV/AIDS	related death:
HIV/AIDS related sicknesses.(Excessive weight loss	One or more of the following might in Coughing or chest pain Pain when swallowing	dicate an	HIV/AIDS Voi Me	related death: miting ningitis
HIV/AIDS related sicknesses. (Excessive weight loss Reactive TB Hair loss	One or more of the following might in Coughing or chest pain	dicate an	HIV/AIDS Voi Me Me	related death: miting
HIV/AIDS related sicknesses. (Excessive weight loss Reactive TB Hair loss Severe tiredness	One or more of the following might in Coughing or chest pain Pain when swallowing Persistent fever	dicate an	HIV/AIDS Voi Me Me	related death: miting ningitis mory loss
HIV/AIDS related sicknesses. (Excessive weight loss Reactive TB Hair loss Severe tiredness	One or more of the following might in Coughing or chest pain Pain when swallowing Persistent fever Diarrhoea	dicate an	HIV/AIDS Voi Me Me	related death: miting ningitis mory loss
HIV/AIDS related sicknesses. (Excessive weight loss Reactive TB Hair loss Severe tiredness	One or more of the following might in Coughing or chest pain Pain when swallowing Persistent fever Diarrhoea	dicate an	HIV/AIDS Voi Me Me	related death: miting ningitis mory loss
HIV/AIDS related sicknesses. (Excessive weight loss Reactive TB Hair loss Severe tiredness Number of HIV/AIDS-related de	One or more of the following might in Coughing or chest pain Pain when swallowing Persistent fever Diarrhoea	dicate an	HIV/AIDS Voi Me Me	related death: miting ningitis mory loss