

SUNDUMBILI MAGISTRATE OFFICE: ADDITIONAL ACCOMMODATION

GEOTECHNICAL REPORT



- · Geotechnical Engineering Services
- Engineering Geology
- Environmental and Groundwater
- Pile Integrity Testing
- SANAS Accredited Soil & Rock Laboratory
- Earthworks/Materials Supervision & Control
- Geotechnical Monitoring Systems
- Road Pavement Materials and Design
- · Project Management

Report to Singh Govender & Associates on the Results of an Augmented Geotechnical Investigation for the Proposed Additions to the Sundumbili Magistrates Court, near Mandini, iLembe District Municipality, KwaZulu-Natal

Reference: 269-16.R02

Revision 0

Dated: 1 June 2017

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	TERMS OF REFE	RENCE	1
2.	SCOPE OF REPO	RT	1
3.	INFORMATION R	REFERENCED	2
4.	SITE DESCRIPTION	ON	2
5.	FIELDWORK		4
5.1 5.2 5.3	INSPECTION PITS.	JAISSANCE	4
6.	REGIONAL GEO	LOGY AND INFERRED SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS	5
7.	GROUNDWATER		6
8.	LABORATORY T	ESTING	7
9.	DISCUSSION		9
9.1 9.2 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9	GENERAL STABIL EXCAVATION CH. GENERAL EARTH ANTICIPATED FOUNDATION REC SUBGRADE TREA	LOPMENT	9 10 11 12 12 12 13 13
10.	CONCLUSIONS		14
	Appendix A: Appendix B: Appendix C:	Inspection Pit Profiles and Borehole Profiles Results of CBR Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) Tests Laboratory Test Results	

Figure 201:

Site Plan

Abbreviations and Expansions

Abbreviation	Definition
AASHTO	American Association of State Highway and Transportation
CBR	California Bearing Ratio
CFA	Continuous Flight Auger
DCP	Dynamic Cone Penetrometer
DPSH	Dynamic Probe Super Heavy
DWS	Department of Water and Sanitation
EGL	existing ground level
Geosure	Geosure (Pty) Ltd
GM	grading modulus
IMC	insitu moisture content
IP	inspection pit
kN/m ²	kilonewtons per metre square
LL	liquid limit
LS	linear shrinkage
m	metre (s)
MDD	maximum dry density
mm	millimetre
No.	number
PI	plasticity index
SABS	South African Bureau of Standards
SANS	South African National Standards
SPT	Standard Penetration Test
TLB	Tractor loader backhoe
TRH	Technical Recommendations for Highways (1985)

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1. TERMS OF REFERENCE

Geosure (Pty) Ltd, hereafter referred to as *Geosure*, was requested by Mr S. Singh of Singh Govender & Associates to provide a proposal and cost estimate to carry out a geotechnical investigation for the proposed additions at the Sundumbili Magistrates Court, near Mandini, KwaZulu-Natal.

Geosure provided a proposal and cost estimate in a letter referenced p436a-16 (Sundumbili Magistrates Geotech)/ng and dated 26 July 2016.

Geosure were subsequently authorised by Singh Govender & Associates, hereafter referred to as *the Client*, to carry out the geotechnical investigation as proposed, in a letter of authorisation dated 22 August 2016.

Geosure issued a report referenced 269-16.R01, titled "Report to Singh Govender & Associates on the Results of a Geotechnical Investigation for the Proposed Additions to the Sundumbili Magistrates Court, near Mandeni, iLembe District Municipality, KwaZulu-Natal" and dated 20 September 2016.

At a meeting on 15 March 2017 between Geosure, the Client and the appointed project Architect, Architronic, on 15 March 2017, Geosure was informed that the original design had been amended from a three storey structure to a five-storey structure. The revised design results in a significant increase in anticipated foundation loads to approximately 7000kN. To allow for the increased column loads, depths to bedrock of adequate minimum rock strength required confirmation. As such, it was determined by the professional team that a supplementary geotechnical investigation comprising the drilling of geotechnical boreholes should be carried out.

Accordingly, Geosure submitted a proposal and cost estimate to carry out the supplementary geotechnical investigation in a letter referenced 269-16.002 (bhole prop 24-3-2017)/dn and dated 24 March 2017.

Geosure were subsequently authorised by Singh Govender and Associates to carry out the supplementary geotechnical investigation of the Sundumbili Magistrate Court site, as proposed, in an electronic mail dated 21 April 2017.

2. SCOPE OF REPORT

This augmented report details the results of a geotechnical investigation including a supplementary deeper investigation comprising the drilling of geotechnical boreholes, carried out for the proposed additions to the Sundumbili Magistrates Court, near Mandini, within the iLembe District Municipality, KwaZulu-Natal, hereafter referred to as "the site".

Information supplied indicates that the proposed development is to comprise a five-storey structure and semi-basement in the design.

The subsurface conditions underlying the site are described and comment is made on the general stability of the site. Revised recommendations for earthworks, drainage, materials excavatability, foundations, materials usage and subgrade treatment for roads and surface beds are provided.

3. INFORMATION REFERENCED

The following information was utilised to assist with the investigation and subsequent reporting:

- i. A set of architectural drawings referenced 1010.16-100 through 1010.16-108, titled "Sundumbili Magistrates Court Additional Accommodation, Upgrading, and Renovations of Existing Building, including Security Measures, Fencing and Lightning", dated January 2017 and prepared by archiTRONIC to various scales as shown on drawings;
- ii. An unreferenced digital copy of a drawing titled "Mandeni Municipality Property Query" prepared by the Mandeni Municipality to an unknown scale;
- iii. Geological Series, Sheet "2930 Durban", dated 1988, and prepared by the Council for Geoscience to a scale of 1:250 000; and
- iv. Low-resolution satellite imagery sourced from Google Earth.

4. SITE DESCRIPTION

The site identified for the proposed additional development is located at the existing Sundumbili Magistrates Court, near Mandini, within the iLembe District Municipality, KwaZulu-Natal. The approximate latitude and longitude coordinates of the site are 29°8'4.03"South and 31°24'7.68"East, respectively.

The site is bound to the west and north by unnamed asphalt surfaced roads, and to the south and east by the Sundumbili South African Police Service Station.

With the exception of an existing single storey structure (the existing magistrate court building) occupying a limited part of the southern portion of the site, the site is undeveloped. A prefabricated structure also near the central part of the site, the site is undeveloped.

In terms of topography, the site is relatively elevated, located on the middle to upper reaches of a gently to moderately sloping hillside displaying an approximately regional easterly aspect. The site itself is, however, relatively level.

The regional and local contexts of the site are shown in Plate 1. General site overviews are given in Plate 2 through Plate 5. The general layout of the site is given in Figure 201 at the end of this report.



Plate 1: Local and regional contexts of the site demarcated in red (satellite imagery sourced from Google Earth).

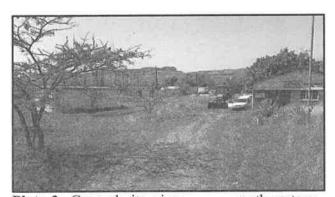


Plate 2: General site view across southwestern portion of the site.

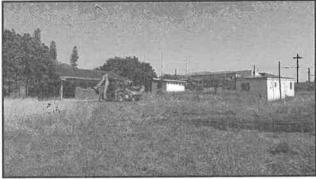


Plate 3: General site view across the northeastern portion of the site.

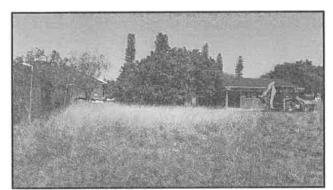


Plate 4: General view across the eastern portion of the site.



Plate 5: Existing single storey Magistrate Court building located on the site.

5. FIELDWORK

The fieldwork for the first phase/shallow geotechnical investigation was carried out on 16 September 2016 and comprised the following:

- > Terrain Reconnaissance;
- > Inspection pits; and
- > CBR Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) tests.

The second phase of the investigation was carried out from 5 May to 10 May 2017 and comprised the drilling of geotechnical boreholes by the appointed specialist contractor.

5.1 Terrain Reconnaissance

A walkover reconnaissance was carried out to map features of geotechnical significance including landforms, surface geology and general drainage patterns.

5.2 Inspection Pits

Eight inspection pits, designated IP1 through IP8, were excavated by means of a TLB at the approximate positions shown in Figure 1. Inspection pits were advanced to refusal depths in the range 1.1m (IP3 refers) to 2.1m (IP8 refers) below EGL.

The inspection pits were profiled in accordance with the South African Geoterminology Guidelines (2002)¹. Copies of the detailed profiles are given in Appendix A.

5.3 CBR Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) Tests

Eight CBR Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (DCP) tests, designated DC1 through DC8, were carried out at the approximate positions given in Figure 1, attached. The DCP tests were advanced to refusal depths in the range 0.8m (DC3 and DC5 refer) to 1.5m (DC2 refers).

The results of the DCP tests comprising plots of blow counts versus depth are given in Appendix B.

5.4 Geotechnical Boreholes

Three geotechnical boreholes, designated BH1 through BH3, were drilled by the appointed specialist subcontractor, Geopractica Contracting, at the approximate positions given in Figure 201, attached.

Boreholes were advanced by means of a rotary core drilling rig utilising a combination NXC and NWD4 core barrel. Boreholes were advanced to final depths in the range 6.0m (BH1 refers) to 7.5m (BH2 refers) below EGL.

The subsurface materials recovered from the boreholes was profiled using the South African Geoterminology Guidelines (2002)¹. Copies of the detailed borehole profiles are given in Appendix A.

Geoterminology Workshop (2002) - Guidelines for Soil and Rock Logging - SAIEG - AEG - SAICE (Geotechnical Division) pp. 47-

6. REGIONAL GEOLOGY AND INFERRED SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

Inferring from the Council for Geoscience's Geological Series (1:250 000), Sheet "2930 Durban" the regional geology of the site and surrounds comprise predominantly tillite bedrock of the Dwyka Group and sandstone bedrock of the Natal Group. Shale bedrock of the Pietermaritzburg Formation is shown to occur approximately 1km to the southeast of the site. Several Jurassic Age dolerite intrusions are shown to occur to the north and east of the site. Several geological faults are shown to occur to the south east of the site.

The geological units observed during the field investigation are generally described below, generally in order of increasing depth:

- a. Fill Light brownish grey, loose to medium dense, fine to medium grained, silty to slightly clayey SAND with occasional gravel and roots. Fill was observed at IP1, IP2 and IP7, to occur from EGL to depths in the range 0.2m to 0.4m below EGL.
- **b.** Colluvium Light brownish grey, firm, intact, sandy CLAY with fine roots. Colluvium was observed at IP3, IP4, IP5, IP6 and IP8, to occur from EGL to depths in the range 0.20m to 0.45m below EGL.
- c. Residual tillite Dark grey mottled yellowish orange, intact, silty sandy CLAY to SANDY SILTY CLAY / Dark grey mottled orange, firm to stiff, intact, clayey sandy SILT /dark yellowish orange, firm to stiff, intact, slightly silty sandy CLAY with occasional tillite fragments. Tillite residuum was observed in all of the inspection pits and boreholes profiled, to occur from depths in the range 0.20m to 1.50m below EGL.
- **d.** Weathered tillite bedrock Light yellow stained rusty brown, highly weathered, highly fractured, very soft-to-soft rock / light brown to dark brown blotched orange and olive occasionally streaked grey, moderately to highly weathered, very highly to highly fractured, soft to medium hard rock. Weathered tillite bedrock was observed at all of the inspection pits and boreholes profiled to commence from depths between 0.5m (IP5 refers) to 1.7m (IP8 refers).

The typical profiles observed on site are shown below in Plate 6 through Plate 10 below and overleaf.

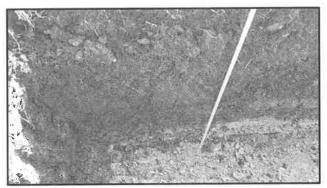


Plate 6: Typical soil and rock profile observed at IP1.

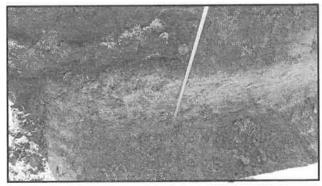


Plate 7: Typical soil and rock profile observed at IP6.

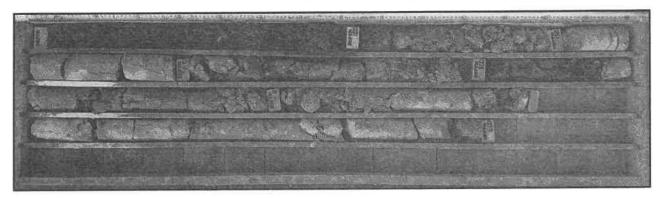


Plate 8: Soil and rock samples retrieved during the drilling of borehole BH1.

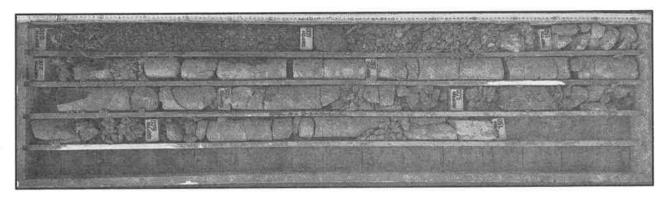


Plate 9: Soil and rock samples retrieved during the drilling of borehole BH2.

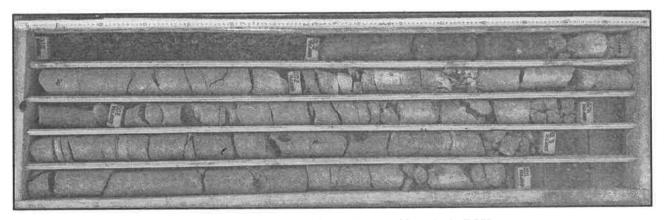


Plate 10: Soil and rock samples retrieved during the drilling of borehole BH3.

7. GROUNDWATER

Slight groundwater seepage was observed at IP1 and IP8, at depths of 1.7m and 1.4m below EGL respectively. A piezometer installed at BH1 was dry when dipped on the 7 June 2017.

A perched water table is considered likely both during and after periods of rainfall and/or during the high rainfall summer season. Although the possibility of perennial groundwater activity cannot be ruled out, the risk of a rise in a permanent groundwater condition on an elevated site of this nature is assessed to be low.

8. LABORATORY TESTING

The following laboratory tests were carried out on soil and bedrock samples retrieved during the investigation:

- > Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS).
- > Grading Analysis to 0,075mm sieve with Atterberg Limit Determinations;
- > California Bearing Ratio (CBR); and
- > Modified AASHTO.

The results of the laboratory tests are summarised in Table 1 and Table 2 overleaf. Detailed laboratory test results are given in Appendix C.

<u>Table 1:</u> Sundumbili Magistrates Court: Summary of UCS Test Results carried on rock samples retrieved from site.

BH Number	Depth (m below EGL)	Strength (MPa)	Rock Strength Classification ²
BH1	2.0	10.9	Medium Hard
BH1	5.7	16.3	Medium Hard
BH2	3.5	28.3	Hard
BH2	4.2	14.7	Medium hard
ВН3	2.6	29.3	Hard
BH3	5.5	22.1	Medium Hard

² G. Byrne, A.D. Berry - "A Guide to Geotechnical Engineering in Southern Africa", Fourth Edition (2008), Table 3.3.8, Pp 57.

Table 2: Summary of Laboratory Test Results.

a a	Depth	Description		Particl	Particle Size %		A	Atterberg Limits %		GW.	OMC (IMC)	aaw	%Swell			CBR (%)	(9)		ξŏ	Material Code &
Š	(m)		Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel	TI	I.I	FS			(kg/m3)		06	93	95 9	97 9	98 100		Classification
							100	COLLUVIUM	M											
IP4	0.0-0.4	Light brownish grey, gravelly sandy CLAY.	\$	54	38	∞	28	11	5.5	0.7	10.2	1975	0.8	11	14	16	19 2	20 23		A-6 (3) CL G8
							RESIDUAL TILLITE	AL TII	LITE											
IP1	0.4-1.2	Dark grey, silty sandy GRAVEL.		27	31	42	18	~	2.0	1.64	8.1	2076	0.2	12	15	18	21 2	22 2	25 A-SI	A-2-4 (0) SM-SC G7
IP3	0.45-0.90	Dark grey mottled orange, gravelly clayey sandy SILT.	14	31	36	19	28	12	0.9	1.1	(10.9)		•		ı				• *	A-6 (2) GC *Low
IP8	0.95-1.75	Dark yellowish orange, slightly silty sandy CLAY	38	22	27	13	56	24	11.5	0.7	(17.8)				1	2	-		- M W *N	A-7-5 (14) MH/OH *Medium
						WEATI	IERED	rillin	WEATHERED TILLITE BEDROCK	ЭСК										
IP2	1.1-1.4	Light yellow stained rusty brown, highly weathered, very soft rock.		11	12	77	21	∞	4.0	2.46	6.2	2109	0.5	16	17	20	27	31 4	42 A-	A-2-4 (0) GP-GC G7
LL PI A-2-4 IMC	- Liqui - Plasti - AASF - Insitu	Liquid Limit Plasticity Index AASHTO Classification Insitu Moisture Content SM	1 1 1 1	Optimum I Linear Shr Not tested Unified Cl	Optimum Moisture Cc Linear Shrinkage Not tested Unified Classification	Optimum Moisture Content Linear Shrinkage Not tested Unified Classification	ıt.		. 5 7	*Low G7 MDD GM	1 1 1 1	Expans Classifi Maximu Grading	Expansiveness According to van der Merwe (1964) Classification in Terms of TRH14 (1985) Maximum Dry Density Grading Modulus	cording erms o ensity	g to var f TRH	der Me	rwe (1	964)		

9. DISCUSSION

9.1 Proposed Development

Limited information is available with regards to the proposed development. Inferring from the information received it is understood that the proposed development is to comprise a five storey building, including a semi basement in the design.

It is understood from information issued to Geosure by the Client that column loads of up to 7000kN are anticipated.

9.2 General Stability of the Site

Based on the results of the fieldwork undertaken during this investigation, it is considered that this site is generally stable and suitable for development, provided that the recommendations given in this report are adhered to. Measures amount to no more than sound development controls appropriate to the site conditions expected and the development proposals known to Geosure.

9.3 Material Classification and Recommendations for Usage

The materials occurring on the site have been classified in terms of the laboratory tests results. A general assessment of these materials, for use in the construction of fills, has been based on the results of the laboratory tests and the visual assessment made on site. The characteristics of the materials and their suitability for use in construction is summarised in Table 3.

The classification and suitability of materials available on the site should be confirmed by further laboratory testing undertaken during construction as part of process and acceptance control testing prior to the material being utilised during construction.

Table 3: Field Characteristics of Materials and Recommended Usage (adapted from BS 6031 – 1981)

Material Type	USC & (TRH14)	Drainage Characteristics	Shrinkage or Swelling Properties	Value as a Road Foundation	Coefficient of Bulking %	Recommended Usage
			FILL			
Light brownish grey, silty to slightly clayey SAND.	Not Tested	-	-	-	-	Not considered suitable for use as select fill. May be considered for use as general fill subject to screening and removal of any large rock fragments.
		C	OLLUVIUN	1		
Light brownish grey, gravelly sandy CLAY.	CL (G8)	Practically impervious	Medium	Fair to poor	20 - 40	Not suitable for use as select or general fill. Should be boxed out and spoiled when encountered at subgrade level. Consideration should be given to stockpiling the colluvium for use as topsoil/landscaping.
		REST	DUAL TILI	JTE		
Dark yellowish orange, lightly silty sandy CLAY.	MH/OH (Not tested)	Practically impervious	High	Poor to very poor	-	Not suitable for use as select or general fill. Should be boxed and spoiled when encountered at or near subgrade level.
Dark grey, silty sandy GRAVEL / gravelly clayey sandy SILT	SM-SC/ GC (G7)	Fair to practically impervious	- Almost none to very slight	Fair to excellent	10-20 / 5 - 15	Suitable for use as general or select fill, subject to the screening and removal of large rock fragments.
		WEATHERE	D TILLITE	BEDROCK		
Light yellow stained rusty brown, highly weathered, very soft to soft rock.	GP-GC (G7)	Excellent to practically impervious	Almost none to very slight	Good to excellent	10-20	Suitable for use as general or select fill, subject to the screening and removal of large rock fragments.

9.4 Excavation Characteristics

It is considered that the fill, colluvial soils, residual soils and very soft to soft tillite bedrock will be easily excavatable down to the refusal depths of the field tests, ie. 1.10m to 2.10m below EGL. These materials classify as <u>SOFT</u> in terms of SANS 1200 DA criteria which can easily be removed by hand tools or a TLB of flywheel power <u>approximately 0,10kW per millimetre</u> of tined bucket width.

Thereafter, excavation classifications into "soft to medium hard" weathered tillite bedrock are expected to grade, with depth, to <u>INTERMEDIATE</u> and subsequently to <u>HARD</u>. Excavation of these materials are likely to require large capacity plant equipped with pneumatic breakers or blasting.

Localised <u>INTERMEDIATE</u> to <u>HARD</u> excavation classes may be encountered at shallower depths. Therefore, an allowance for such conditions at shallower depth should be made in the Bill of Quantities.

The occurrence of relatively large hard rock tillite dropstones within the tillite residuum and tillite bedrock is known to occur. These may require large plant to remove and may result in overbreak when excavated.

Inferred excavation requirements for the various materials are summarised in Table 4 below.

Table 4: Summary of Inferred Excavation Classifications in terms of SANS 1200 DA.

Material Description	Inferred Excavation Classification in Terms of SANS 1200 DA
Fill	SOFT
Colluvium	SOFT
Residual Tillite	SOFT
Weathered Soft Tillite Bedrock	SOFT TO INTERMEDIATE
Weathered Medium Hard to Hard Bedrock	HARD
Hard to Extremely Hard Dropstones	HARD

The depths of the various excavation classes will be dependent on the prevailing subsoil and bedrock geology encountered at each specific location. The type/size of excavation plant and character of the underlying geology will determine actual excavation depths.

9.5 General Earthworks

Given the relatively level nature of the site, it is considered unlikely that significant bulk earthworks will be required. Nonetheless, some guidelines are given below.

All earthworks should be carried out in a manner to promote stable development of the site. It is recommended that earthworks be carried out along the guidelines given in SANS 1200 (current version).

Where natural ground slopes are steeper than 1 vertical to 6 horizontal (> 9°), the fill must be benched into the slope. Benches should be 0.5m deep and 2.0m wide.

Placement of fill layers should be undertaken in layers not exceeding 200mm thick when placed loose and compacted using suitable compaction plant to achieve 93% Modified AASHTO maximum dry density within 1 - 2% wet/dry of OMC.

Density control testing of placed fill material should be undertaken at regular intervals during fill construction.

Boulders larger than $^2/_3$ of the layer thickness when loose should be removed from the fill material as these could complicate the compaction works, as well as cause piping within fills. Furthermore, large boulders in fills could cause later problems during construction of foundations.

Terraces should be graded to direct water away from the fill edges, and small earth bunds should be constructed along the crests of fills, to prevent overtopping and erosion of fill embankment slopes. These bunds should be a minimum 450mm wide and 300mm high.

Cut and fill slopes in soils should be formed to batters of 1 vertical to 2 horizontal and to a height not greater than 1.5m where retaining walls are not provided. Engineered fill slopes should be over constructed and thereafter trimmed back to the required position.

Cut and fill heights greater than 1.5m will need to be inspected and approved by an experienced, competent engineering geologist or geotechnical engineer.

9.6 Anticipated Founding Conditions

Inferring from the results of the field investigation, the geotechnical conditions encountered on site are anticipated to be characterised by the following:

- i. Shallow to moderately deep weathered tillite bedrock observed to occur across the extent of the site, from depths in the range 0.5m (IP5 refers) to 1.7m (IP8 refers) below EGL;
- ii. Potentially active clayey colluvial and residual soil, i.e. display cyclical volumetric changes in responses to changes in moisture content. Inferring from the laboratory test results the clayey residual tillite soils classify as "low" and "medium" potential expansiveness (van der Merwe, 1964); and
- iii. The potential for the development of a shallow perched groundwater condition across portions of the site.

9.7 Foundation Recommendations

Given the high column loads/foundation loads assumed for the purposes of this report it is considered that all foundation loads be transferred directly onto underlying competent tillite bedrock

Inferring from the results of the field investigation, it is considered that the reinforced spread/pad footings will be suitable for the proposed development. It is recommended that the foundation loads, measuring approximately 7000kN, be transferred through the overlying fill, colluvium, residuum and "very soft to soft" tillite bedrock to be founded on weathered tillite bedrock of at least "soft to medium hard" rock strength. On such founding medium, a maximum nett allowable bearing pressure of 1000kN/m² is considered applicable.

Inferring from the borehole samples, "soft to medium hard" tillite bedrock occurs from depths in the range 1.50m to 2.5m below EGL. Actual founding levels will be dependent on any geological variations within the weathered tillite bedrock and final platform levels.

Anticipated settlements for the proposed building structures founded on competent bedrock of at least "medium hard" rock strength will range are anticipated to range from 5mm to 10mm with differential settlement taken as 50% of total settlement.

All loose or soft material must be removed from the foundation excavations before concrete is cast.

The construction of a 1m wide concrete apron around the building structure is recommended in order to minimize seasonal subsurface moisture fluctuations beneath the surface bed floor.

The surrounding ground should be graded away from structures to limit infiltration of water into the soils immediately beneath floor level.

All footings and brickwork will need to be reinforced as determined by a structural engineer.

A provision for possible movements between floors and walls should be allowed for in the design e.g. provision of construction joints and use of appropriate softboard between walls and floors as per structural engineer's detail.

Given the variation in the underlying weathered tillite bedrock it is considered that a geotechnical professional such as Geosure be appointed to carry out regular inspections of foundation excavations during construction in order to evaluate the founding medium exposed with footing excavations and confirm bearing pressures.

9.8 Subgrade Treatment for Surface Beds, Driveway and Parking Areas

Samples of materials occurring on site have been retrieved during the field investigation, and classified in terms of the results of the laboratory tests subsequently carried out by Geosure.

The sandy/gravelly colluvial and residual units and highly weathered very soft tillite bedrock classified as G7 in terms of TRH14 (1985). Depending on the final pavement and surface bed design, these materials should be ripped to between 300mm and 500mm and compacted to at least 93% Modified AASHTO dry density. This is subject to screening and removal of contaminants such as rock fragments/builders' rubble fragments and/or organic matter greater than $^2/_3$ of the individual layer thickness.

Further laboratory testing is recommended during construction in order to monitor material quality utilised during construction.

The clayey colluvial soils and clayey tillite residuum is considered to be of marginal to poor quality in terms of TRH14 (1985). This material should, therefore, be undercut and replaced with a granular material of at least G8 quality compacted to at least 93% Modified AASHTO when found at or near subgrade/formation level.

The pavement formation layer for the proposed vehicular access and parking areas should be designed taking into account anticipated traffic loads, volumes and design life of the parking area and roads.

Design and construction of the surface bed floor should allow for a layer of inert hardcore at least 300mm thickness directly beneath floor level.

9.9 Drainage

One of the most important factors in the stable development of the site is the control and removal of both surface and groundwater from the site.

Earthworks and drainage measures should be designed in such a way as to prevent ponding of, or high concentrations of, stormwater or groundwater anywhere on the site, both during and after the development.

All terraces should be shaped to a gradient to prevent water ponding on the surface and should be graded to direct water away from any fill edges and foundations

Under no circumstances should disposal of stormwater by soakaway be considered. Stormwater from roofed and paved areas is to be collected, attenuated to engineer's design, and piped into the nearest municipal stormwater connection facility.

Provision should be made in the Bill of Quantities for subsoil drainage to engineer's detail to cater for the existing and potential perched groundwater flows.

10. CONCLUSIONS

This augmented report details the results of a geotechnical investigation including supplementary deeper investigation comprising the drilling of geotechnical boreholes, carried out for the proposed additions to the Sundumbili Magistrates Court, near Mandini, within the iLembe District Municipality, KwaZulu-Natal.

Based on the results of the fieldwork undertaken during this investigation, it is considered that this site is generally stable and suitable for development, provided that the recommendations given in this report are adhered to.

The general geology at the positions investigated is observed to comprise a mantle of fill, colluvium, and tillite residuum, overlying weathered tillite bedrock at relatively shallow depth.

Groundwater seepage was encountered at two of the inspection pits profiled. A perched groundwater condition is therefore considered likely both during and after periods of rainfall and/or during the high rainfall summer season.

One of the most important factors in the stable development of the site, including the construction of the semi-basement structure, is the control and removal of both surface and groundwater from the site. To address the potential risk of groundwater concentrations at the site, it is recommended that provision is made in the Bill of Quantities for suitable permanent subsoil drainage measures to engineer's detail. All stormwater from roofed and surfaced areas is to be piped in a controlled manner to the nearest municipal stormwater connection facility.

All earthworks should be carried out in a manner to promote stable development of the site. It is recommended that earthworks be carried out along the guidelines given in SANS 1200 (current version).

It is recommended that all foundation loads be transferred directly onto the underlying weathered "medium hard" tillite bedrock with a minimum UCS of 10MPa. On this basis spread footings foundations may be sized to net permissible foundation pressure of 1000kN/m².

The ground conditions given in this report refer specifically to the field tests carried out on site. It is, therefore, quite possible that conditions at variance with those given in this report could be encountered elsewhere on site during construction. It is, therefore, important that Geosure (Pty) Ltd be appointed to carry out periodic inspections during construction. Any change from the anticipated ground conditions could then be taken into account to avoid unnecessary expense.



APPENDIXA

INSPECTION PIT PROFILES AND BOREHOLE PROFILES

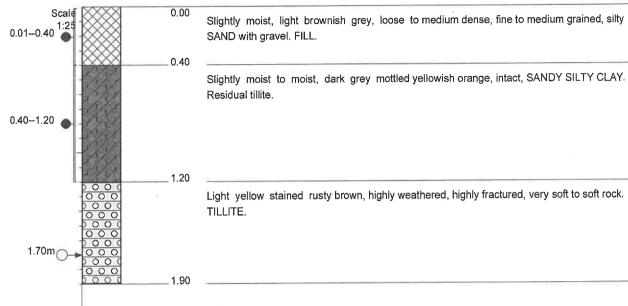


Geotechnical, Environmental & Groundwater Engineering Pile Integrity Testing & Civil Engineering Laboratory

Singh Govender & Associates Proposed Magistrates Court Sundumbili near Mandeni HOLE No: IP1 Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: 269-16

Fax: 086 689-5506 www.geosure.co.za



NOTES

- 1) Slight groundwater seepage observed at 1,70m.
- 2) Samples taken at: S1 0,01--0,40 (Ind) S2 0,40--1,20 (2 x Bulk)
- 3) Refusal depth at 1,90m.

CONTRACTOR

MACHINE: TLB Case 580T 4x4

DRILLED BY:

PROFILED BY: E.Dada Mia

TYPE SET BY : K.Naidoo SETUP FILE : STANDARD.SET INCLINATION:

DIAM

DATE: 01 September 2016 DATE: 01 September 2016

DATE: 20/09/16 15:48 TEXT: ..C:\LOGS\PITS.TXT ELEVATION: 087m

X-COORD : 31 24'08,0"E Y-COORD : 29 08'04,1"S



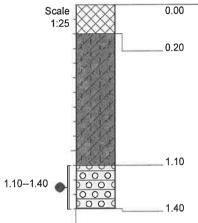
Groundwater Engineering Pile Integrity Testing & Civil Engineering Laboratory

Geotechnical, Environmental &

Singh Govender & Associates Proposed Magistrates Court Sundumbili near Mandeni KZN HOLE No: IP2 Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: 269-16

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Slightly moist, light brownish grey, loose, fine to medium grained, slightly clayey SAND with fine roots and gravel. FILL.

Slightly moist to moist, dark grey becoming dark grey mottled yellowish orange, firm to stiff, intact, silty sandy CLAY. Residual tillite.

Light yellow stained rusty brown, highly weathered, highly fractured, very soft to soft rock. TILLITE.

NOTES

- 1) No groundwater seepage observed.
- 2) Sample taken at: S1 1,10--1,40 (2 x Bulk)
- 3) Refusal depth at 1,40m.

CONTRACTOR

MACHINE: TLB Case 580T 4x4

DRILLED BY

PROFILED BY : E.Dada Mia

TYPE SET BY : K.Naidoo

SETUP FILE : STANDARD.SET

INCLINATION:

DIAM:

DATE: 01 September 2016 DATE: 01 September 2016

DATE: 20/09/16 15:48 TEXT: ..C:\LOGS\PITS.TXT ELEVATION: 086m

X-COORD: 31 24'08,5"E Y-COORD: 29 08'04,0"S



Geotechnical, Environmental & Groundwater Engineering
Pile Integrity Testing & Civil Engineering Laboratory

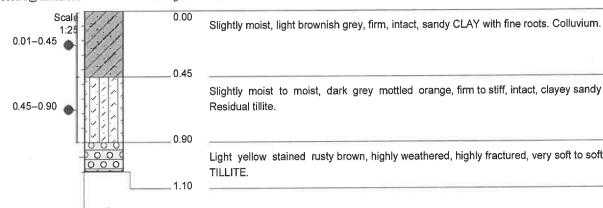
Singh Govender & Associates Proposed Magistrates Court Sundumbili near Mandeni KZN

Sheet 1 of 1

HOLE No: IP3

JOB NUMBER: 269-16

Fax: 086 689-5506 www.geosure.co.za



Slightly moist to moist, dark grey mottled orange, firm to stiff, intact, clayey sandy SILT. Residual tillite.

Light yellow stained rusty brown, highly weathered, highly fractured, very soft to soft rock. TILLITE.

NOTES

- 1) No groundwater seepage observed.
- 2) Samples taken at: S1 0,01--0,45 (Ind) S2 0,45--0,90 (Ind)
- 3) Refusal depth at 1,10m.

CONTRACTOR:

MACHINE: TLB Case 580T 4x4

DRILLED BY

PROFILED BY: E.Dada Mia

TYPE SET BY: K.Naidoo SETUP FILE: STANDARD.SET INCLINATION:

DATE: 01 September 2016 DATE: 01 September 2016

DATE: 20/09/16 15:48 TEXT: ..C:\LOGS\PITS.TXT ELEVATION: 088m

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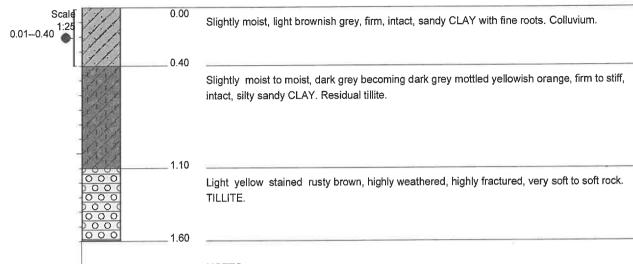


Geotechnical, Environmental & Groundwater Engineering Pile Integrity Testing & Civil Engineering Laboratory

Singh Govender & Associates Proposed Magistrates Court Sundumbili near Mandeni HOLE No: IP4 Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: 269-16

Fax: 086 689-5506 www.geosure.co.za



NOTES

- 1) No groundwater seepage observed.
- 2) Sample taken at: \$1 0,01--0,40 (2 x Bulk)
- 3) Refusal depth at 1,60m.

CONTRACTOR

MACHINE: TLB Case 580T 4x4

DRILLED BY :

PROFILED BY: E.Dada Mia

TYPE SET BY : K.Naidoo SETUP FILE : STANDARD.SET

D069 Geosure (Pty) Ltd

INCLINATION :

DIAM

DATE: 01 September 2016 DATE: 01 September 2016

DATE: 20/09/16 15:48 TEXT: ..C:\LOGS\PITS.TXT ELEVATION: 088m

X-COORD : 31 24'07,2"E Y-COORD : 29 08'03,4"S



Geotechnical, Environmental & Groundwater Engineering Pile Integrity Testing & Civil Engineering Laboratory

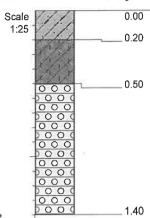
Singh Govender & Associates Proposed Magistrates Court Sundumbili near Mandeni KZN

Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: 269-16

HOLE No: IP5

Fax: 086 689-5506 www.geosure.co.za



Slightly moist, light brownish grey, firm, intact, sandy CLAY with fine roots. Colluvium.

Slightly moist to moist, dark grey becoming dark grey mottled yellowish orange, firm to stiff, intact, silty sandy CLAY. Residual tillite.

Light yellow stained rusty brown, highly weathered, highly fractured, very soft to soft rock. TILLITE.

NOTES

- 1) No groundwater seepage observed.
- 2) Refusal depth at 1,40m.

CONTRACTOR

MACHINE: TLB Case 58OT 4x4

DRILLED BY

PROFILED BY: E.Dada Mia

TYPE SET BY : K.Naidoo

SETUP FILE: STANDARD.SET

INCLINATION

DIAM

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DATE: 20/09/16 15:48 TEXT: ..C:\LOGS\PITS.TXT ELEVATION: 088m

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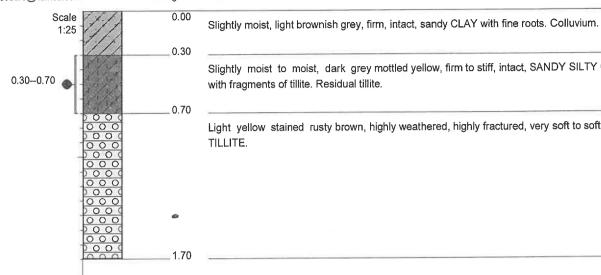
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Singh Govender & Associates Proposed Magistrates Court Sundumbili near Mandeni

HOLE No: IP6 Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: 269-16

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Slightly moist to moist, dark grey mottled yellow, firm to stiff, intact, SANDY SILTY CLAY

Light yellow stained rusty brown, highly weathered, highly fractured, very soft to soft rock.

NOTES

- 1) No groundwater seepage observed.
- 2) Sample taken a: S1 0,30--0,70 (Ind)
- 3) Refusal depth at 1,70m.

CONTRACTOR

MACHINE: TLB Case 580T 4x4

DRILLED BY

PROFILED BY : E.Dada Mia

TYPE SET BY: K.Naidoo SETUP FILE: STANDARD.SET INCLINATION:

DATE: 01 September 2016 DATE: 01 September 2016

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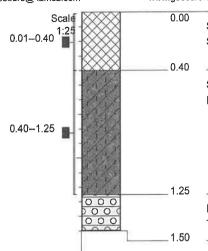


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Singh Govender & Associates Proposed Magistrates Court Sundumbili near Mandeni KZN HOLE No: IP7 Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: 269-16

Fax: 086 689-5506 www.geosure.co.za



Slightly moist, light brownish grey, loose to medium dense, fine to medium grained, silty SAND with gravel. FILL.

Slightly moist to moist, dark grey mottled yellow, firm to stiff, intact, SANDY SILTY CLAY. Residual tillite.

Light yellow stained rusty brown, highly weathered, highly fractured, very soft to soft rock. TILLITE.

NOTES

- 1) No groundwater seepage observed.
- 2) Samples taken at: S1 0,01--0,40 (2 x Bulk) S2 0,40--1,25 (Undisturbed)
- 3) Refusal depth at 1,50m.

CONTRACTOR

MACHINE: TLB Case 580T 4x4

DRILLED BY :

PROFILED BY: E.Dada Mia

TYPE SET BY: K.Naidoo SETUP FILE: STANDARD.SET INCLINATION:

DIAM :

DATE: 01 September 2016 DATE: 01 September 2016

DATE: 20/09/16 15:48

TEXT: ..C:\LOGS\PITS.TXT

ELEVATION: 087m

X-COORD: 31 24'08,8"E Y-COORD: 29 08'04,4"S

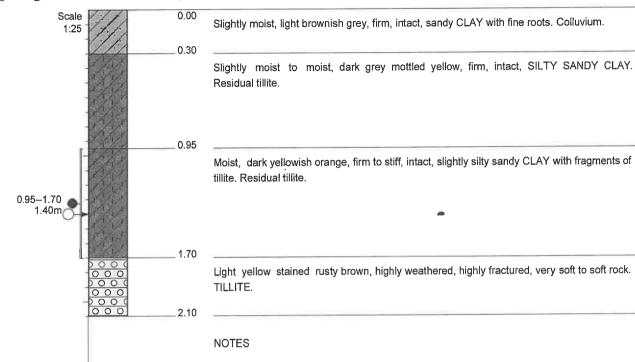


Geotechnical, Environmental & Groundwater Engineering Pile Integrity Testing & Civil Engineering Laboratory

Singh Govender & Associates Proposed Magistrates Court Sundumbili near Mandeni KZN HOLE No: IP8 Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: 269-16

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- 1) Slight groundwater seepage observed at 1,40m.
- Sample taken at:
 S1 0,95--1,70 (Ind)
- 3) Refusal depth at 2,10m.

CONTRACTOR

MACHINE: TLB Case 580T 4x4

DRILLED BY

PROFILED BY : E.Dada Mia

TYPE SET BY : K.Naidoo

SETUP FILE : STANDARD.SET

INCLINATION :

DIAM:

DATE: 01 September 2016 DATE: 01 September 2016

DATE: 20/09/16 15:48 TEXT: ..C:\LOGS\PITS.TXT ELEVATION: 086m

X-COORD: 31 24'08,6"E Y-COORD: 29 08'03,6"S



P O Box 1461, Westville, 3630, South Africa Tel: (031) 266-0458

Geotechnical, Environmental & Groundwater Engineering Pile Integrity Testing & Civil Engineering Laboratory

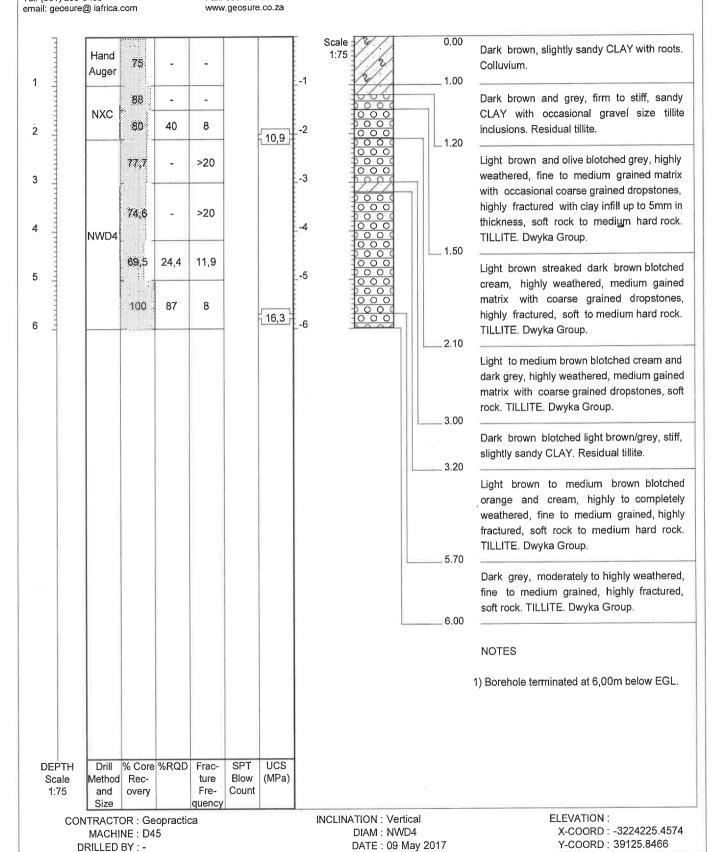
SMA Consultants cc Proposed Magistrates Court Sundumbili, Mandeni

Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: 269-16

HOLE No: BH1

Fax: 086 689-5506 www.geosure.co.za



DATE

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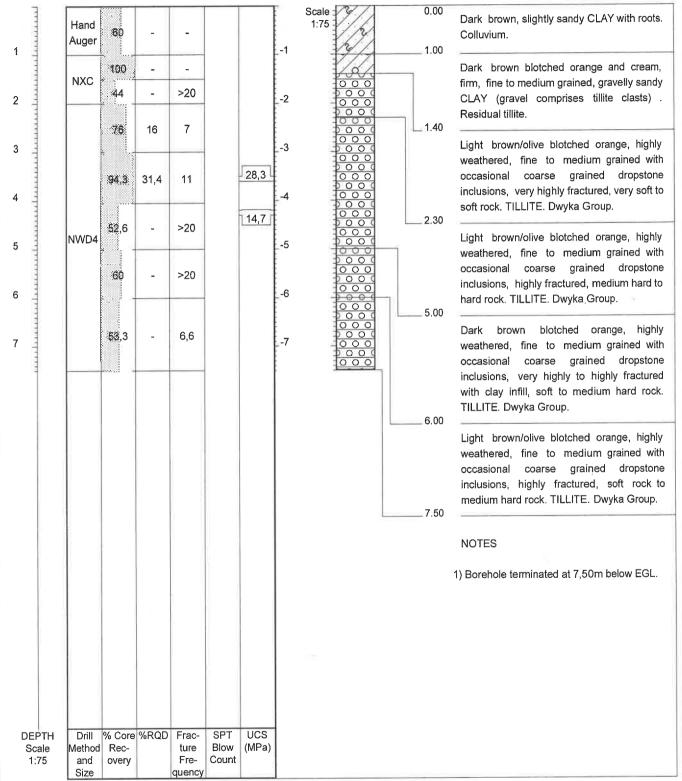


Geotechnical, Environmental & Groundwater Engineering Pile Integrity Testing & Civil Engineering Laboratory

SMA Consultants cc Proposed Magistrates Court Sundumbili, Mandeni Northern KZN HOLE No: BH2 Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: 269-16

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CONTRACTOR: Geopractica

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DATE: 05 May 2017

DATE

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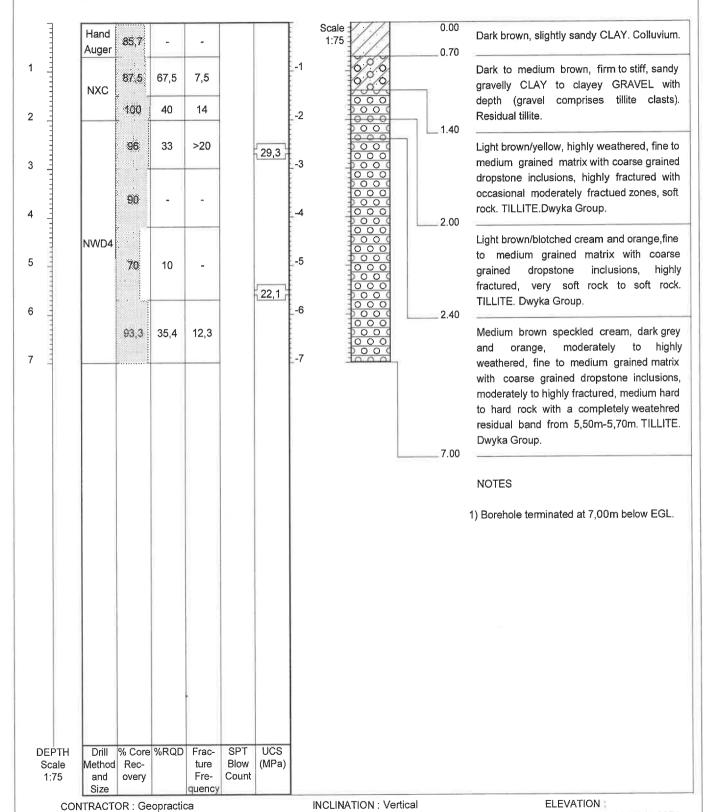


Geotechnical, Environmental & Groundwater Engineering Pile Integrity Testing & Civil Engineering Laboratory

SMA Consultants cc Proposed Magistates Court Sundumbili, Mandeni Northern KZN HOLE No: BH3 Sheet 1 of 1

JOB NUMBER: 269-16

Fax: 086 689-5506 www.geosure.co.za



DIAM:

DATE:

DATE: 05 May 2017

DATE: 22/06/17 08:26

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HOLE No: BH3

Y-COORD: 39163.6511

APPENDIX B

RESULTS OF CBR DYNAMIC CONE PENETROMETER (DCP) TESTS

GEOSURE (PTY) LTD.

Geotechnical Engineering Consultants

Tel: (031) 2660458 Fax: 086

Fax: 086 689 5506 Email: geosure@iafrica.com



Client: Singh Govender & Associates

Project: Proposed Magistrates Court

Section: Sundumbili near Mandeni, KZN

Ref.No. 269-16

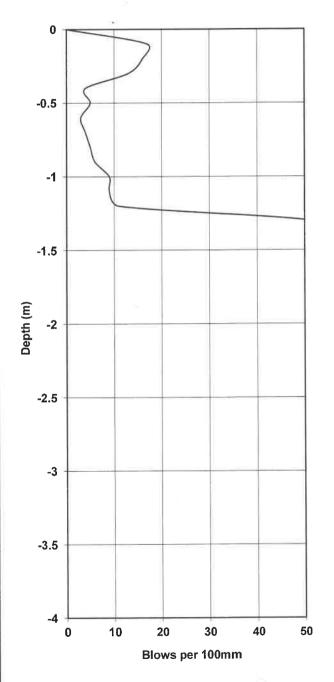
Date: 16-Sep-2001

Operator: E.Dada Mia

CBR Penetrometer Probe ----- Test No. DC 1

THE STRENGTH AND CBR VALUES ARE EMPIRICAL AND DEPEND ON FACTORS SUCH AS MOISTURE CONTENT WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN DETERMINED. THEY ARE THEREFORE INDICATIVE ONLY AND SHOULD BE VERIFIED BY TEST OR OBSERVATION

1	Depth	Blows	Inferred	Shear	CBR
	metres	per 100mm	Consistency	Strength	%
	0				
	0.1	17	Stiff	140 kPa	31
	0.2	16	Stiff	130 kPa	29
	0.3	13	Stiff	110 kPa	23
	0.4	4	Soft	35 kPa	7
	0.5	5	Firm	40 kPa	8
	0.6	3	Soft	25 kPa	5
	0.7	4	Soft	35 kPa	7
	0.8	5	Firm	40 kPa	8
	0.9	6	Firm	50 kPa	10
	1	9	Stiff	75 kPa	15
	1.1	9	Stiff	75 kPa	15
Ó	1.2	11	Stiff	90 kPa	19
		Refusal			



GEOSURE (PTY) LTD.

Geotechnical Engineering Consultants

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Client:

Fax: 086 689 5506 Singh Govender & Associates

Email: geosure@iafrica.com



Ref.No. 269-16

Date: 16-Sep-2001

Operator: E.Dada Mia

Proposed Magistrates Court Project:

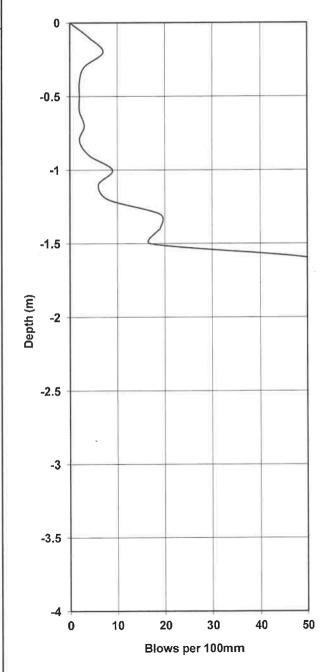
Sundumbili near Mandeni, KZN Section:

Penetrometer Probe ----- Test No. DC CBR

2

THE STRENGTH AND CBR VALUES ARE EMPIRICAL AND DEPEND ON FACTORS SUCH AS MOISTURE CONTENT WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN DETERMINED. THEY ARE THEREFORE INDICATIVE ONLY AND SHOULD BE VERIFIED BY TEST OR OBSERVATION

Depth	Blows	Inferred	Shear	CBR
metres	per 100mm	Consistency	Strength	%
0				
€0.1	4	Soft	35 kPa	7
0.2	7	Firm	60 kPa	12
0.3	3	Soft	25 kPa	5
0.4	2	Soft	20 kPa	3
0.5	2	Soft	20 kPa	3
0.6	2	Soft	20 kPa	3
0.7	3	Soft	25 kPa	5
0.8	2	Soft	20 kPa	3
0.9	4	Soft	35 kPa	7
1	9	Stiff	75 kPa	15
1.1	6	Firm	50 kPa	10
1.2	8	Firm	65 kPa	14
1.3	19	Very Stiff	>150 kPa	35
1.4	19	Very Stiff	>150 kPa	35
1.5	17	Stiff	140 kPa	31 ~
	Refusal			



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Fax: 086 689 5506 Singh Govender & Associates

Proposed Magistrates Court

Sundumbili near Mandeni, KZN

Email: geosure@iafrica.com



Ref.No. 269-16

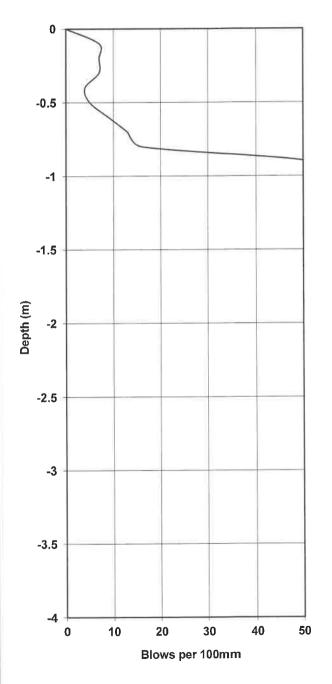
Date: 16-Sep-2001

Operator: E.Dada Mia

3

Penetrometer Probe ----- Test No. DC CBR

Depth	Blows	Inferred	Shear	CBR
metres	per 100mm	Consistency	Strength	%
0				
0.1	7	₽ħm	60 kPa	12
0.2	7	Firm	60 kPa	12
0.3	7	Firm	60 kPa	12
0.4	4	Soft	35 kPa	7
0.5	5	Firm	40 kPa	8
0.6	9	Stiff	75 kPa	15
0.7	13	Stiff	110 kPa	23
0.8	16	Stiff	130 kPa	29
	Refusal			



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Tel: (031) 2660458

Fax: 086 689 5506 Email: geosure@iafrica.com

NOT BEEN DETERMINED. THEY ARE THEREFORE INDICATIVE ONLY AND SHOULD BE VERIFIED BY TEST OR OBSERVATION



Ref.No. 269-16

Date: 16-Sep-2001

Operator: E.Dada Mia

4

Singh Govender & Associates Client: Proposed Magistrates Court Project:

Sundumbili near Mandeni, KZN Section:

Penetrometer Probe ----- Test No. DC CBR

THE STRENGTH AND CBR VALUES ARE EMPIRICAL AND DEPEND ON FACTORS SUCH AS MOISTURE CONTENT WHICH HAVE

	Depth	Blows	Inferred	Shear	CBR
	metres	per 100mm	Consistency	Strength	%
	0				
	0.1	7	Firm	60 kPa	12
	0.2	6	Firm	50 kPa	10
	0.3	7	Firm	60 kPa	12
	0.4	5	Firm	40 kPa	8
	0.5	4	Soft	35 kPa	7
	0.6	6	Firm	50 kPa	10
	0.7	8	Firm	65 kPa	14
Ì	0.8	10	Stiff	85 kPa	17
	0.9	11	Stiff	90 kPa	19
	1	9	Stiff	75 kPa	15
	1.1	7	Firm	60 kPa	12

Firm

Firm

60 kPa

50 kPa

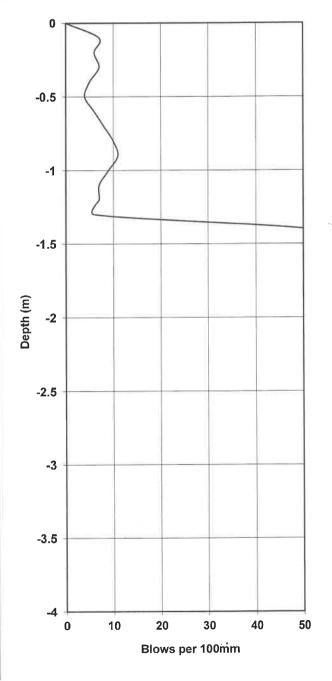
12

10

6 Refusal

1.2

1.3



Geotechnical Engineering Consultants

Tel: (031) 2660458

Client:

Project:

Section:

CBR

Fax: 086 689 5506 Singh Govender & Associates

Proposed Magistrates Court

Sundumbili near Mandeni, KZN

Email: geosure@iafrica.com



Ref. No. 269-16

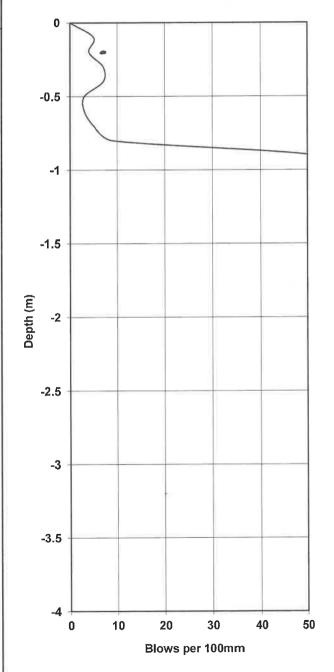
Date: 16-Sep-2001

Operator: E.Dada Mia

Penetrometer Probe ----- Test No. DC

5

Depth	Blows	Inferred	Shear	CBR
metres	per 100mm	Consistency	Strength	%
0				
0.1	5	Firm	40 kPa	8
0.2	4	Soft	35 kPa	7
0.3	7	Firm	60 kPa	12
0.4	7	Firm	60 kPa	12
0.5	3	Soft	25 kPa	5
0.6	3	Soft	25 kPa	5
0.7	5	Firm	40 kPa	8
0.8	9	Stiff	75 kPa	15
	Refusal			



Geotechnical Engineering Consultants

Tel: (031) 2660458

Client:

Project:

Section:

Fax: 086 689 5506 Singh Govender & Associates

Proposed Magistrates Court

Sundumbili near Mandeni, KZN

Email: geosure@iafrica.com



Ref.No. 269-16

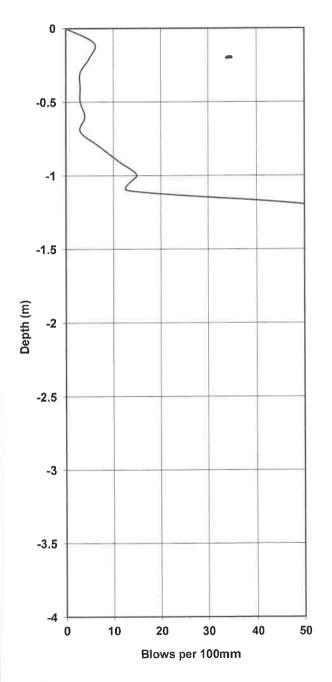
Date: 16-Sep-2001

Operator: E.Dada Mia

Penetrometer Probe ----- Test No. DC CBR

6

Î	Depth	Blows	Inferred	Shear	CBR
	metres	per 100mm	Consistency	Strength	%
	0				
	0.1	6	Firm	50 kPa	10
	0.2	5	Firm	40 kPa	8
	0.3	3	Soft	25 kPa	5
	0.4	3	Soft	25 kPa	5
	0.5	3	Soft	25 kPa	5
	0.6	4	Soft	35 kPa	7
	0.7	3	Soft	25 kPa	5
	0.8	7	Firm	60 kPa	12
	0.9	11	Stiff	90 kPa	19
	1	15	Stiff	125 kPa	27
	1.1	13	Stiff	110 kPa	23
		Refusal			



Geotechnical Engineering Consultants

Tel: (031) 2660458

Fax: 086 689 5506

Email: geosure@iafrica.com



Ref.No., 269-16

Date: 16-Sep-2001

Operator: E.Dada Mia

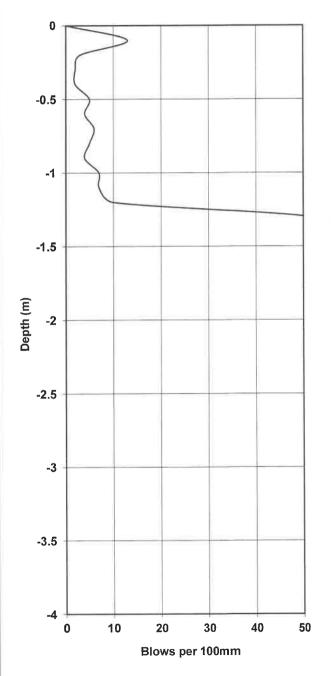
Singh Govender & Associates Client: Proposed Magistrates Court Project:

Sundumbili near Mandeni, KZN Section:

CBRPenetrometer Probe ----- Test No. DC

7

ĺ	Depth	Blows	Inferred	Shear	CBR
	metres	per 100mm	Consistency	Strength	%
	0				
	0.1	13	Stiff	110 kPa	23
	0.2	3	Soft	25 kPa	5
	0.3	2	Soft	20 kPa	3
ı	0.4	2	Soft	20 kPa	3
I	0.5	5	Firm	40 kPa	8
	0.6	4	Soft	35 kPa	7
I	0.7	6	Firm	50 kPa	10
ı	0.8	5	Firm	40 kPa	8
	0.9	4	Soft	35 kPa	7
	1	7	Firm	60 kPa	12
	1.1	7	Firm	60 kPa	12
	1.2	10	Stiff	85 kPa	17
		Refusal			



Geotechnical Engineering Consultants

Tel: (031) 2660458

Client:

Fax: 086 689 5506 Singh Govender & Associates

Email: geosure@iafrica.com



Ref.No. 269-16

Date: 16-Sep-2001

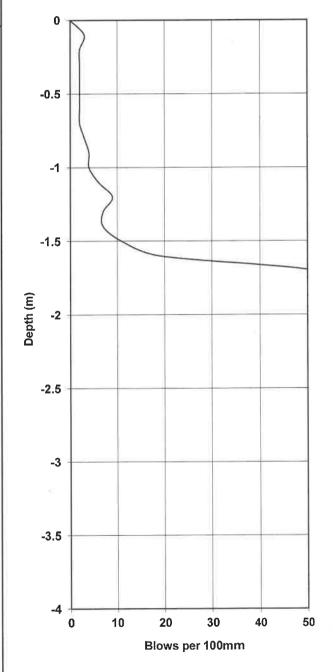
Operator: E.Dada Mia

8

Proposed Magistrates Court Project: Sundumbili near Mandeni, KZN Section:

Penetrometer Probe ----- Test No. DC CBR

Depth	Blows	Inferred	Shear	CBR
metres	per 100mm	Consistency	Strength	%
0				
0.1	3	Soft	25 kPa	5
0.2	2	Soft	20 kPa	3
0.3	2	Soft	20 kPa	3
0.4	2	Soft	20 kPa	3
0.5	2	Soft	20 kPa	3
0.6	2	Soft	20 kPa	3
0.7	2	Soft	20 kPa	3
0.8	3	Soft	25 kPa	5
0.9	4	Soft	35 kPa	7
1	4	Soft	35 kPa	7
1.1	6	Firm	50 kPa	10
1.2	9	Stiff	75 kPa	15
1.3	7	Firm	60 kPa	12
1.4	7	Firm	60 kPa	12
1.5	11	Stiff	90 kPa	19
1.6	19	Very Stiff	>150 kPa	35
	Refusal			



APPENDIX C

LABORATORY TEST RESULTS





CLIENT

: Geosure (Pty) Ltd

PHYSICAL ADDRESS: 122 Intersite Avenue

Umgeni Business Park

Durban

ATTENTION

: Mr D. Naidoo

PROJECT

: Sundumbili Court

TEST REPORT REFERENCE NUMBER: 26547

Dear Sir/Madam,

Enclosed herewith, please find the original reports pertaining to the above-mentioned project.

Date Received	05.09.	2016				
Date Tested	07.09.	07.09.2016 to 15.09.2016				
Sample Location	Refer	to Report				
Sampling Method	N/A					
Sample Condition	Good.					
Sampling Environmental Condition	N/A					
Sampler(s) Name	Client	Client.				
Total Number of Pages	11					
	Test C	Carried Out				
TMH1 Method A1 & A5	1	TMH1 Method C3				
TMH1 Method A2, A3, A4	1	TMH1 Method C4a				
TMH1 Method A7	4	TMH1 Method B6				
TMH1 Method A8	4	Hydrometer Analysis - ASTM D422	1			
TMH1 Method A10(b)		SANS 5863				
TMH1 Method A14app		SANS 5862-1				
TMH1 Method A15d	SANS 5860, 5861-1, 5861-2, 5861-3					
TMH1 Method A16T	TMH1 Method B9					
- Tick denotes tests that were carried	out.					

We would like to take this opportunity of thanking you for your continued support. Should you have any queries please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours faithfully

Technical Signatory,

Kris Veeran for Geosure (Pty) Ltd.

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4091. South Africa

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+27 (0)82 784 0544 E-mail: geosure@iafrica.com Civil Engineering Laboratory

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072 870 2621 lab@geosure.co E-mail:

Gauteng Branch

O. Box 32381, Kyalami 1684

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Fax:

086 689 8327





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WEBSITE: www.geosure.co.za

Our Ref. : 26547

Client

: Geosure (Pty) Ltd

Your Ref. : 269-16

Project

: Sundumbili Court

Date Tested: 07.09.2016 to 13.09.2016

Attention

: Mr D. Naidoo

Date Reported : 15.09.2016

Sample No.	47881	47883	
Field No.	IP 3	1P 8	
Position in Field	Layer 2	Layer 3	
Depth (m)	0.45-0.90	0.95-1.70	
Material Description	Dark grey mottled orange sandy silty CLAY. Residual Tillite	Dark yellowish orange sandy silty CLAY. Residual Tillite	
Sieve	Analysis (Wet Preparation) - T	MH1 - Method A1 ((a) - Percent Passing Sieve Size

	75.0 mm	100	100	
	63.0 mm	100	100	
	53.0 mm	100	100	
53	37.5 mm	100	100	
sing	26.5 mm	100	100	
Pass	19.0 mm	100	100	
	13.2 mm	100	98	
%	4.75 mm	95	94	
	2.00 mm	81	87	
	0.425 mm	64	79	
	0.075 mm	45	60	

Hydrometer Analysis - ASTM - D422 - Percent Passing Particle Diameter (<0.425mm)

	0.060 mm	41	57	
	0.050 mm	38	55	
	0.040 mm	34	53	
ng	0.026 mm	30	50	
Passing	0.015 mm	24	47	
ä	0.010 mm	21	44	وسيستنساك المتواطيين التابيس
- %	0.0074 mm	20	42	
•	0.0036 mm	16	39	
	0.0020 mm	14	38	
	0.0015 mm	14	36	

Mechanical analysis - TMH1 - Method A5 - Percent of Soil Mortar (<2 mm) for Grain Size range

Coarse Sand	%	21	8		
Coarse Fine Sand	%	9	6		
Medium Fine Sand	%	6	10		
Fine Fine Sand	%	9	6		
Silt & Clay	%	56	70	DIX TO BE	
Grading Modulus		1.1	0.7		

Atterberg Limits - TMH1 - Methods A2, A3, A4 (<0.425mm)

		3	,	 	
Liquid Limit	%	28	56		
Plasticity Index	%	12	24		
Linear Shrinkage	%	6.0	11.5		
AASHTO Classific	cation (Group Index)*	A-6 (2)	A-7-5 (14)		
Unified Classifica	tion*	GC	MH/OH‡		
Moisture Content	%	10.9	17.8		
Remarks:	Date Received: 05.09.20	16			

Remarks: Sampled by Client.

*Opinions expressed herein fall outside the scope of SANAS accreditation.

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e-mail:geosure@iafrica.com

WEBSITE:

: Geosure (Pty) Ltd

Job No. : 26547

Client Project

: Sundumbili Court

Your Ref.No. : 269-16

Date Tested : 07.09.2016 to 13.09.2016

Attention : Mr D. Naidoo Date Reported: 15.09.2016

Sample Number

Sample Description

: 47881

Field No.

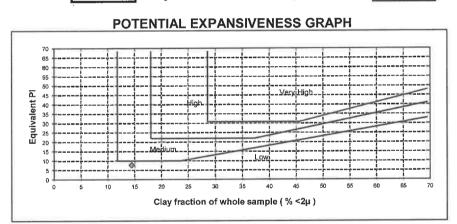
: IP3

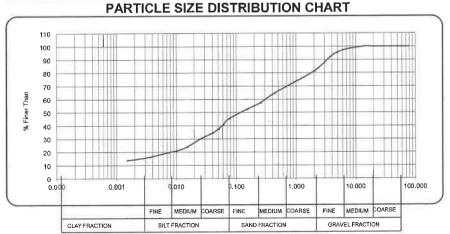
: Dark grey mottled orange sandy silty CLAY. Residual Tillite

Equivalent Pl

Clay fraction of whole sample (% <2µ)

14





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Reg.No.: 92/03145/07

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Mobile: +27(0) 82 784 0544

e-mail:geosure@lafrica.com

HEAD OFFICE CONTACT INFO .:

www.geosure.co.za

: Geosure (Pty) Ltd Client

: Mr D. Naidoo

Job No. : 26547

: Sundumbili Court **Project**

Your Ref.No. : 269-16

Date Tested : 07.09.2016 to 13.09.2016

Date Reported: 15.09.2016

Sample Number

: 47883

Field No.

Attention

WEBSITE:

: IP8

Sample Description

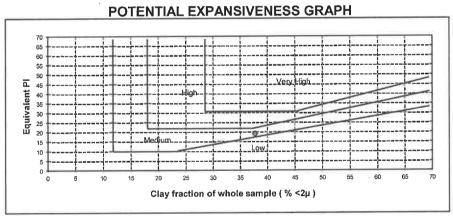
: Dark yellowish orange sandy silty CLAY. Residual Tillite

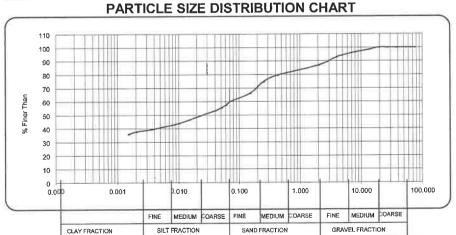
Equivalent PI

19

Clay fraction of whole sample (% <2µ)

38





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Tel: +27 (0)31 266 0458 Fax: 086 689 5506 email: geosure@iafrica.com www.geosure.co.za

Client Project Attention : Geosure (Pty) Ltd : Sundumbili Court : Mr D. Naidoo

Your Ref No.: 269-16 Our Ref No.: 26547 Date Reported: 15/09/2016

Test Report					
Sample No.	47879	47880	47882		
Field No.	IP 1	IP 2	IP 4		
Position	Layer 2	Layer 3	Layer 1		
Depth (m)	0.4-1.2	1.1-1.4	0.0-0.4		
Material Description	Dark grey silty sandy clayey GRAVEL	Light yellow stained rusty brown highly weathered very soft rock. TILLITE	Light beownish grey gravelly sandy CLAY. Colluvium		

Sieve Ana	lveie / Wat Pran	paration) TMH1	- Method A1 (a)	- Percent Pass	ina Sieve Size
Oleve Atla	75.00	Jaracion y Himi	88		
	63,00		78		
Ê	53.00	100	78		
Ē	37.50	89	54		
<u>o</u>	26.50	83	52	100	
至	19.00	77	47	98	
bed	13.20	75	40	97	
Sieve Aperture (mm)	4.750	65	27	96	
e e	2.000	58	23	92	Same Time. To be, the to
₩.	0.425	51	20	84	
	0.075	27	11	54	
Grading Modulus	0.070	1.64	2.46	0.70	
Mechanical an	alvsis - TMH1 -		ercent of Soil Me	ortar (<2 mm) fo	r Grain Size range
Coarse Sand	2.000 - 0.425	13	14	8	
Coarse-Fine Sand	0.425 - 0.250	12	12	7	
Medium-Fine Sand	0.250 - 0.150	14	12	10	
Fine-Fine Sand	0.150 - 0.075	14	14	16	
Silt and Clay	< 0.075	47	48	59	
A A		TMH 1 - Metho	ds A2, A3, A4 o	n <0.425 mm fra	ction
Liquid Limit	% or symbol	18	21	28	
Plasticity Index	% or symbol	5	8	11	
Linear Shrinkage	%	2.0	4.0	5.5	
	mum Dry Dens	ity and Optimu	m Moisture Con	tent - TMH1 - Me	ethod A7
Maximum Dry Density (kg/n		2076	2109	1975	
Optimum moisture content		8.1	6.2	10.2	
	Calif		Ratio - TMH1 - M	lethod A8	
CBR @100% Compaction	%	25	42	23	
CBR @ 98% Compaction	%	22	31	20	
CBR @ 97% Compaction	%	21	27	19	
CBR @ 95% Compaction	%	18	20	16	
CBR @ 93% Compaction	%	15	17	14	
CBR @ 90% Compaction	%	11	16	11	
Swell @100% Compaction	%	0.2	0.5	0.8	
TRH 14 Classification (1985		G7	G7	G8	
AASHTO Classification (Gr		A-2-4 (0)	A-2-4 (0)	A-6 (3)	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF
Unified Classification **	oup muex)	SM-SC	GP-GC	CL	
Office Classification		OIVI-OO	0, 00		

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*Subject to further testing as required by TRH14.

Remarks:

*Subject to further testing as required by TRH14.

[&]quot;Opinions and interpretations expressed herein are outside the scope of SANAS accreditation Version 4.02 - 24 March 2014



Client

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Reg. No.: 92/03145/07

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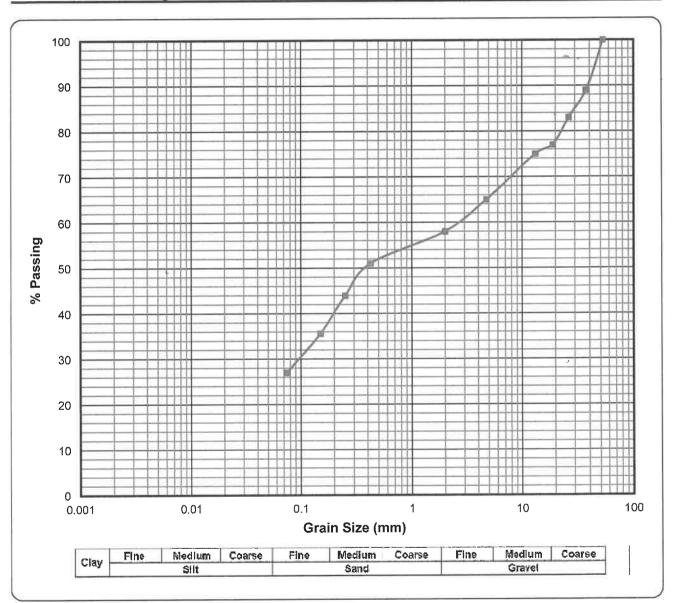
email: lab@geosure.co.za

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: Geosure (Pty) Ltd : Sundumbili Court Your Ref No.: 269-16 Our Ref No.: 26547 Date Reported: 15/09/2016

Grading Curve for Sample 47879 - TMH1 Method A1 (a)



Thick Red Line is the Grading Curve (TRH 14 Classification = G7)

Sieve Aperture Size Percentage Passing 0.075 0.150 0.250 0.425 2.00 4.75 13.2 19.0 26.5 37.5 53 63 75 27% 36% 44% 51% 58% 65% 75% 77% 83% 89% 100%



Client

Project

Reg. No.: 92/03145/07

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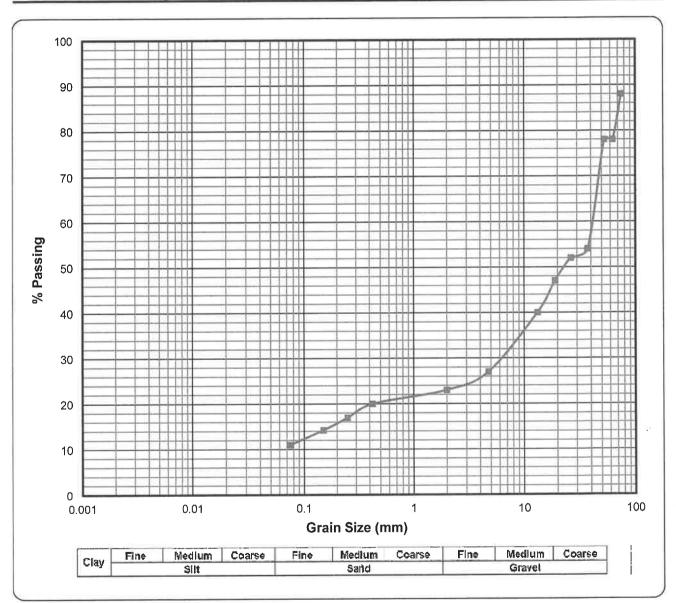
email: geosure@iafrica.com www.geosure.co.za

: Geosure (Pty) Ltd : Sundumbili Court

Your Ref No.: 269-16 Our Ref No.: 26547

Date Reported : 15/09/2016

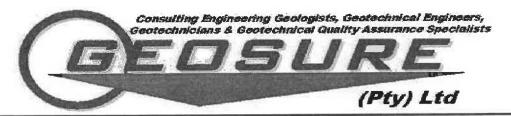
Grading Curve for Sample 47880 – TMH1 Method A1 (a)



Thick Red Line is the Grading Curve (TRH 14 Classification = G7)

Sieve Aperture Size Percentage Passing
 0.075
 0.150
 0.250
 0.425
 2.00
 4.75
 13.2
 19.0
 26.5
 37.5
 53
 0
 75

 11%
 14%
 17%
 20%
 23%
 27%
 40%
 47%
 52%
 54%
 78%
 0%
 88%



Client

Project

Reg. No.: 92/03145/07

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: Sundumbili Court

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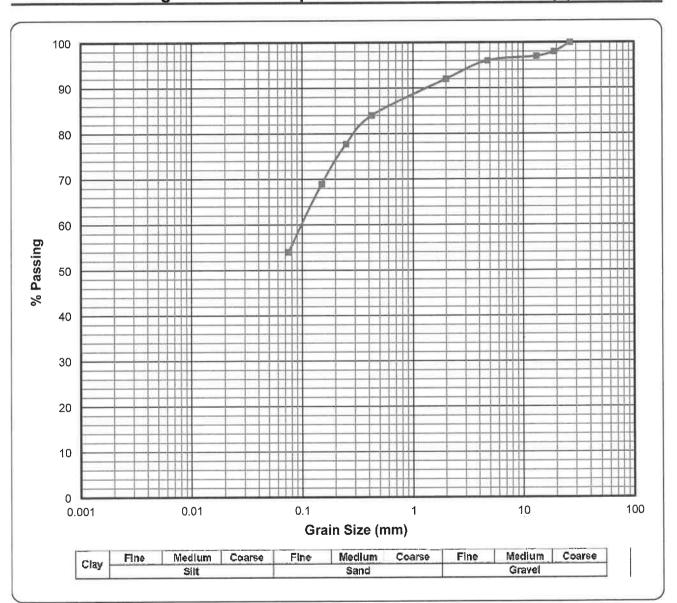
122 Intersite Avenue, Umgeni Business Park, Durban, 4091, KwaZulu Natal, South Africa. Tel: +27 (0)31 266 0458 Fax: 086 689 5506

email: geosure@iafrica.com www.geosure.co.za

Your Ref No.: 269-16 Our Ref No.: 26547

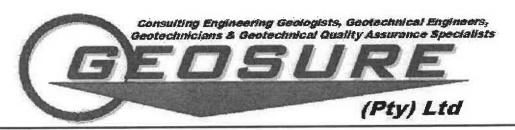
Date Reported: 15/09/2016

Grading Curve for Sample 47882 - TMH1 Method A1 (a)



Thick Red Line is the Grading Curve (TRH 14 Classification = G8)

Sieve Aperture Size Percentage Passing 0.075 0.150 0.250 0.425 2.00 4.75 13.2 19.0 26.5 37.5 53 63 75 54% 69% 78% 84% 92% 96% 97% 98% 100%



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Client

: Geosure (Pty) Ltd : Sundumbili Court

Project Attention : Mr D. Naidoo

Tel.: +27 (0)31 701 9732

Your Ref No.

: 269-16

Our Ref No.

: 26547

Date Reported

: 15.09.2016

Moisture/Density Relationship (TMH1: Method A7)

Sample No.

: 47879

Field No.

: IP 1

Natural/Stabilised

: Natural

Depth (m)

: 0.4-1.2 : Layer 2

Material Description

: Dk.Gr.silty sandy clayey GRAVEL. Res. Tillite

Origin Compaction Effort

: Mod AASHTO

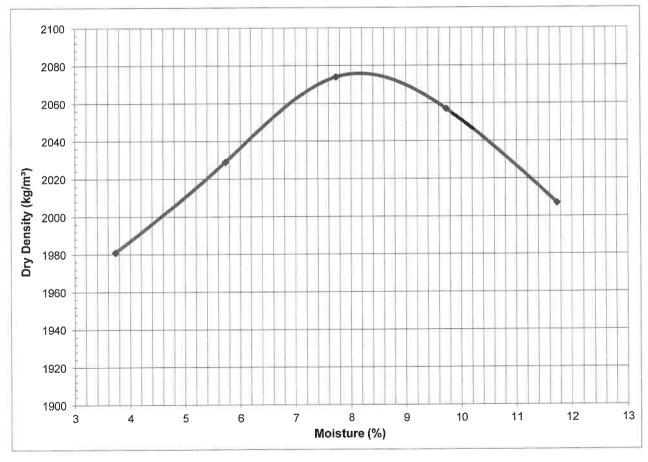
Maximum Dry Density (kg/m³)

2076

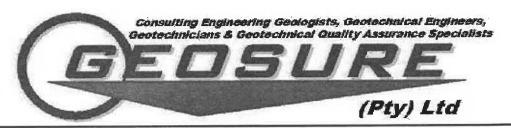
Optimum Moisture Content (%) 8.1

Plotted Values:

Moisture (%)	3.7	5.7	7.7	9.7	11.7
Dry Density (kg/m³)	1981	2029	2074	2057	2007



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email: geosure@iafrica.com www.geosure.co.za

: Geosure (Pty) Ltd

Project : Sundumbili Court Attention : Mr D. Naidoo

Your Ref No.

: 269-16

Our Ref No.

: 26547

Date Reported

: 15.09.2016

Moisture/Density Relationship (TMH1: Method A7)

Sample No.

Client

: 47880

Field No.

: IP 2

Natural/Stabilised

: Natural

Depth (m) Origin

1.1-1.4 : Laver 3

Material Description

: Lt.Yell.St.Rust.Br.Hi.Wth.very soft rock. TILLITE

Compaction Effort

: Mod AASHTO

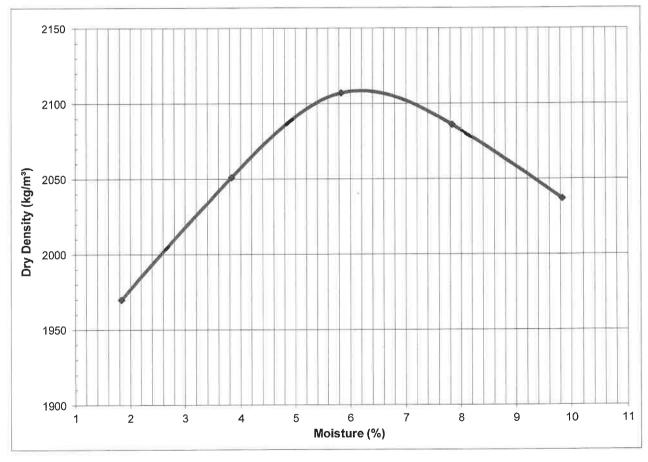
Maximum Dry Density (kg/m³)

2109

Optimum Moisture Content (%) 6.2

Plotted Values:

Moisture (%)	1.8	3.8	5.8	7.8	9.8
Dry Density (kg/m³)	1970	2051	2107	2086	2037



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Page 10 of 11



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email: geosure@iafrica.com www.geosure.co.za

: Geosure (Pty) Ltd : Sundumbili Court

Attention : Mr D. Naidoo

Your Ref No.

: 269-16

Our Ref No.

: 26547

Date Reported

: 15.09.2016

Moisture/Density Relationship (TMH1: Method A7)

Sample No.

Client

Project

: 47882

Natural/Stabilised

Material Description

: Natural

: Lt.Br.Gr. Gravelly sandy CLAY. Colluvium

Field No.

: IP 4

Depth (m)

: 0.0-0.4

Origin Compaction Effort : Layer 1

: Mod AASHTO

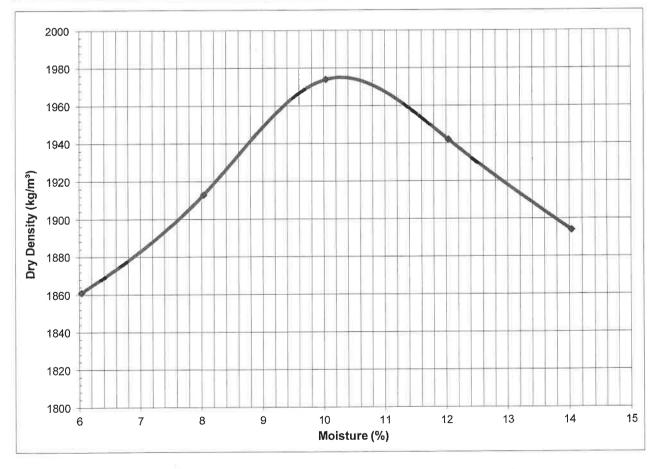
Maximum Dry Density (kg/m³)

1975

Optimum Moisture Content (%) 10.2

Plotted Values:

Moisture (%)	6.0	8.0	10.0	12.0	14.0
Dry Density (kg/m³)	1861	1913	1974	1942	1894



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Geotechnical Engineering Services

Engineering Geology

Environmental and Groundwater

Pile Integrity Testing

Civil & Geotechnical Engineering Laboratory

Earthworks/Materials Supervision & Control

Geotechnical Monitoring Systems

· Road Pavement Materials and Design

Project Management

Ref: 30505

Date: 05.06.2017

Attention: Mr D. Naidoo

Re: Sundumbili Magistrates Court

Dear Sir,

Tabulated below are the results of the Unconfined Compressive Strength Tests conducted on various specimens as instructed by Mr D. Naidoo.

BH No.	Depth (m)	Strength (MPa)	
BH 1	2.0	10.9	
BH 1	5.7	16.3	
BH 2	3.5	28.3	
BH 2	4.2	14.7	
BH 3	2.6	29.3	
BH 3	5.5	22.1	

We would like to take this opportunity to thank you for your continued support. Should you have any queries please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours faithfully

Technical Signatory,

Bradley Hariram for Geosure (Pty) Ltd.

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